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No. 35355 MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1952. Price 20 Cents

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Initiative Retained

WHILE the Conservative Party had good reason to feel some alarm at the results of this year's municipal elections, they have, during the past fortnight, received a revitalising stimulant through the outcome of two parliamentary by-elections which have indicated a definite swing away from Labour. The High Wycombe result last week was a bitter disappointment to the Socialists who had confidently expected to reduce the Conservative majority. If not win the seat, instead the Tories held this marginal constituency with an increased majority, confirming the impression gained recently that the Conservatives have regained most of the ground they lost in their first six months of office. The lessons to the Labour Party, as the Times has pointed out, are obvious enough. The Socialists have been assuming too readily that the next General Election was already won because of the successes they gained at the municipal polls. The latest movement of public opinion should destroy this complacency. The first post-war Conservative Government has never behaved as "war-mongers" nor undermined the welfare State; their financial and economic measures have not brought the intolerable hardships and injustices that the Socialists so readily forecast.

It is beyond doubt that the protracted disputes in the Labour Party have contributed to the change in the public mood. But both the Conservative Party and the Labour Party will be mistaken if they imagine that this is the only, or even the main, reason for the shift of opinion. Undoubtedly the most instructive fact about the Conservatives' first year of office is that their "harsh measures" have not spoiled political suicide. Even the most politically daring of Mr Butler's acts—the cut in food subsidies—has not, in spite of much Labour agitation, caused more than ripples of indignation. This should encourage Mr Churchill and his colleagues to take the further measures that are necessary in full confidence that, if they can be shown to be relevant and if they do not impose an unfair burden on any section of the community, they will not prove politically disastrous. The main hope of the Government—and it is also the main fear of the Opposition—is that, however unpopular it may be from time to time, the Conservative Party may be able to go to the country in three or four years' time and claim that it has restored at least the country's stability if not its prosperity. At the end of the first year the Government hold the initiative. The second year will show whether they can keep that initiative and use it to the benefit of the nation. Only a beginning has been made. The fall in exports and production cast a dark shadow over the prospect. The major task remains to be done.

GRAVE RIOTS IN S. AFRICA

European Nun Killed

POLICE STONED: FIRE ON MOB

East London, S. Africa, Nov. 9. An unidentified European nun and at least two Africans were killed in a riot here today in which police opened fire after being stoned.

Shots were still being fired at six o'clock tonight.

Police said details of African casualties might be available later. The casualties are expected to be heavy.

This followed a similar disturbance last night in Kimberley, when 13 Africans died and 35 were injured.

The nun was killed in her motorcar, which was then burnt out on an African location.

One unconfirmed report said two European men were also killed.

The police had been called to disperse an illegal meeting.

In the New Brighton African location at Port Elizabeth, all was quiet today as Africans prepared for Monday's one-day strike protest against the curfew regulations introduced after disturbances three weeks ago.

Three hundred armed police made a show of force in Kimberley's two African areas early today after disturbances in which 13 Africans, including two women, were shot dead by the police and 35 injured.

The situation today was described as quiet but still tense.

This afternoon the police stood on guard outside the gutted municipal recreation centre in Kimberley's location No. 2—the second quarter of the diamond city.

The recreation centre and a post office were burned out in yesterday's rioting.

But the police said they did not expect any further trouble today.

Earlier today proclamations were read by the Chief-Magistrate, Mr K. J. Munnbrunner, in both African locations prohibiting for a week all gatherings of more than 20 people in the Kimberley district.

The ban applies also to white people.

COSTLY DAMAGE
Damage in the riots has been estimated at several thousand pounds sterling.

Eighteen doctors worked day and night at the hospital here treating the wounded and an appeal was issued for blood donors.

Six buildings gutted included a new African creche built from profits at the beer hall where the trouble started.

Kimberley police said last night that the disturbance began when some Africans started a fight in the beer hall. The police were heavily stoned.

They fired in reply.

The fire brigade was turned back by a volley of stones. When the fire engine returned to the scene with a police escort, a post office and the municipal buildings were blazing. The fire engine returned to headquarters because there was no hydrant in the location.

Yesterday's riot was the latest and most serious in a series of weekend beer hall incidents in No. 2 location. Last weekend armed police stood by after buildings were stoned and windows smashed, but on that occasion order was restored without the use of firearms.

All seven members of the local executive of the African National Congress were arrested in Kimberley today. The Minister of Justice, Mr Charles



Members of the British Defence Co-ordinating Committee (Middle East) and the Commanders-in-Chief, Allied Forces, Southern Europe, recently met together at the C-in-C's conference room, naval headquarters, Malta. At the head of the table are seen Admiral the Earl Mountbatten of Burma, Commander-in-Chief Mediterranean, General Sir Brian Robertson, Commander-in-Chief Middle East Land Forces, Air Chief-Marshal Sir Arthur Sanders, Commander-in-Chief Middle East Air Forces, Rear-Admiral G. H. Stokes, Senior British Naval Officer, Middle East. Behind them are officers of the American, French, Greek and Turkish forces.

Important Week Ahead Of The United Nations

New York, Nov. 9.

The United Nations moved into its busiest week of the session cheered by Big Three conferences and hope for a Russian clue on whether the Korean war can be halted.

The Assembly is nearly half way through its scheduled session with many questions about the Korean truce still unanswered.

British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, who arrived on Saturday, arranged separate meetings with Secretary of State Dean Acheson and French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman. Acheson and Schuman began Big Three talks on Saturday.

A British source said it was likely a round table Big Three meeting would be held later in the week. Such a meeting may be made necessary by Korean truce statement promised for Monday morning in the Assembly Political Committee by Russia's Andrei Vyshinsky.

Sunday's conferences among Eden, Acheson and Schuman agreed on a broad general line of policy, spokesmen in all groups emphasised. They were unwilling to say if the Vyshinsky statement would cause a hesitation period in going over cases, but they acknowledged the Russian speech could affect future strategy.

A GUARANTEE
A British spokesman pointed to Eden's statement when he flew on Saturday as a guarantee that unity would be continued on the Korean question.

In line with a 21-nation resolution now before the Political Committee—in which Britain, France and the United States have joined—Eden supported the United Nations Command armistice negotiations in Korea.

The first of several meetings between Acheson and Schuman on Saturday concerns the biggest controversy now between the United States and France—United States support of a full debate on Arab complaints about French administration in Tunisia and Morocco.

A joint communiqué issued later stated the two had developed mutual understanding of their points of view after talks on whether the United Nations should mix in what France has considered a domestic problem.

Chief importance of Vyshinsky's statement now is that since he insisted on repatriation of all war prisoners in Korea under international law other delegates have put a series of questions to him and suggested alternatives that might solve the problem.

In the answers to those questions—lies the hope of any possibility of developing a clue to settlement of the war.

The French last week built up a strong force of men, tanks and supplies at Phu Tho in preparation for the strike.

French planes today also dropped paratroops and supplies at Let Chau, one of the northernmost French-held positions only 30 miles south of the Chinese border.

This move is intended to counter Vietnamese pressure from the direction of Nhatrang, which yesterday was reported threatened and today stated to have been occupied.—Reuters.

TODAY'S RACING SELECTIONS

By "Rapier"	By "The Turf"
RACE 1 Ping On Highlight Wodonga Outsider:—Mustang.	RACE 1 Ping On Lawrence Fairy Feet Outsider:—Mustang
RACE 2 Beat That Fleeting Moment Fengus Outsider:—Glamour Butterfly.	RACE 2 Beat That Uncle Willie Pegasus Outsider:—Fleeting Moment
RACE 3 Jericho Liberty Diamond Magic Bow Outsider:—Silver Fox.	RACE 3 Liberty Diamond Good Bay Jericho Outsider:—National Income
RACE 4 Abdul Hamid Ringmer Shangria Outsider:—Coin.	RACE 4 Abdul Hamid Collin Double Coin Outsider:—Happy Boy
RACE 5 Skymaster Straight Forward Crackerjack Outsider:—Norseman.	RACE 5 Skymaster Crackerjack Straight Forward
RACE 6 Kentucky Lad Tonyber L'Arc Triomphe Outsider:—Straight Flush.	RACE 6 Kentucky Lad Hellzapoppin L'Arc Triomphe Outsider:—Amarant
RACE 7 New Zealand Rowanlea Destra Outsider:—No Regrets.	RACE 7 No Regrets Huntmaster New Zealand Outsider:—Cleopatra
RACE 8 Strathpeffer The Tigress Ponfoces Outsider:—Winged.	RACE 8 The Tigress Sparkling Eyes Mabel Outsider:—Winged
RACE 9 Dashing Beauty II Bright Bay Concord Outsider:—Boom Town.	RACE 9 Boom Town Thunder Sky Dashing Beauty II Outsider:—Concord
RACE 10 Amazon Harvest Field Adorable Atlanta Outsider:—The Lioness.	RACE 10 Harvest Field Barbarian The Lioness Outsider:—Amazon

Refuse To Hire Hall To "Nye" Bevan

Liverpool, Nov. 9. Directors of the 6,000 seat Liverpool Stadium have refused to hire out the hall for a mass meeting headlined by Left Wing Labourite Aneurin Bevan. It was disclosed last night.

The meeting was scheduled for December 7. It was organised by the Mersey-side Co-operative Parties and some local divisional Labour parties. Purpose of the meeting was not disclosed.

Mr Howell James, Secretary of the Liverpool Co-operative Society Party, who applied to hire the hall, said: "We are protesting most strongly against

this attack on free speech. It can only be assumed that Mr Bevan and his supporters are being banned."

Beyond confirming that the application had been rejected, Mr John Best, Managing Director of the Stadium, declined any comment.

James claimed officials of the stadium made a provisional booking for the meeting but later reneged and informed him he couldn't have the hall for December 7, although it wasn't being used that day.

"This is the only hall in Liverpool available on a Sunday," James said, "where we

can accommodate the number of people who wish to hear Mr Bevan."

Another speaker was to be Harold Wilson, a Labourite Member of Parliament who, quit his job as President of the Board of Trade when Bevan walked out of the old Labour government in April, 1951, in a tirade with Moderate Socialist leadership.

During the 1950 and 1951 election campaigns Bevan addressed two capacity meetings at the stadium, which were organised by the Liverpool Trades Council and Labour Party.—Associated Press.

Breaks Prison In Underpants

Paris, Nov. 9. French police today were searching for an expert cracksmen, Claudius Logier, who broke out of prison clad only in his underpants.

Logier, whose 11 robberies have included the theft of eleven pounds of gold from the French Mint and the Crown of King Charles X from Rheims Cathedral, escaped from Rheims goal last night after sawing through the bars of his cell.

It was his 18th get-away.

Police believe that friends were waiting with clothes and money outside the prison wall, which Logier scaled with a rope ladder.

Logier never carries firearms and has never been sentenced for robbery with violence.—Reuters.

Archbishop's Brother Killed

Leicester, Nov. 9. Mr Herbert Douglas Fisher, 73-year-old brother of the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr Geoffrey Fisher, was killed by a train at a station here last night.

His body was found near the entrance to a tunnel.

A few minutes before the arrival of an express, Mr Fisher, who had a platform ticket, was seen walking up and down the platform.—Reuters.

Death Of American Trade Union Leader

San Francisco, Nov. 9. Mr Philip Murray, President of the Congress of Industrial Organisations and the United Steel Workers Union, died early today in San Francisco.

The veteran labour leader, who was 66, had addressed the western regional conference of the steel workers last night.

The coroner's office, said that his wife arose at 6.45 a.m. and found Mr Murray collapsed alongside his bed. He was unconscious.

Born in Blantyre, Scotland, in 1886, Mr Murray came to the United States in 1902 and was naturalised in 1911.

After a post mortem examination the San Francisco coroner's office announced that Mr Murray died from a heart attack due to arterio-sclerosis.

The son of a Scottish coal miner who emigrated with his family and became a miner in Pennsylvania, Mr Murray early became an active trade unionist. In 1912 he was elected to office in the United Mine Workers Union as a member of its international board.

Eight years later he became Vice President of the Union when Mr John L. Lewis became its President.

For many years he worked with Mr Lewis then one of the most militant leaders in the American trade union movement. He helped Mr Lewis found the Congress of Industrial Organisations in 1935 and in 1940 succeeded him in its presidency.

A BULWARK
He played a leading part in organising American steelworkers and became the first President of the Steelworkers Union.

A Roman Catholic, he considered the trade unions were a "bulwark against Communism."

He had been in poor health for the past three or four years. Mr Murray's successor will be appointed at the CIO annual convention meeting in Los Angeles on November 17.

Speculation here was that he would either be Mr Murray's executive vice president, Mr Allan Harwood, or Mr Walter Reuther, President of the powerful United Auto Workers Union.

In 1940 Lewis staked his leadership of the CIO on his judgment in supporting Wendell Willkie in the presidential elections.

He declared publicly that if Willkie were defeated by President Roosevelt, with whom

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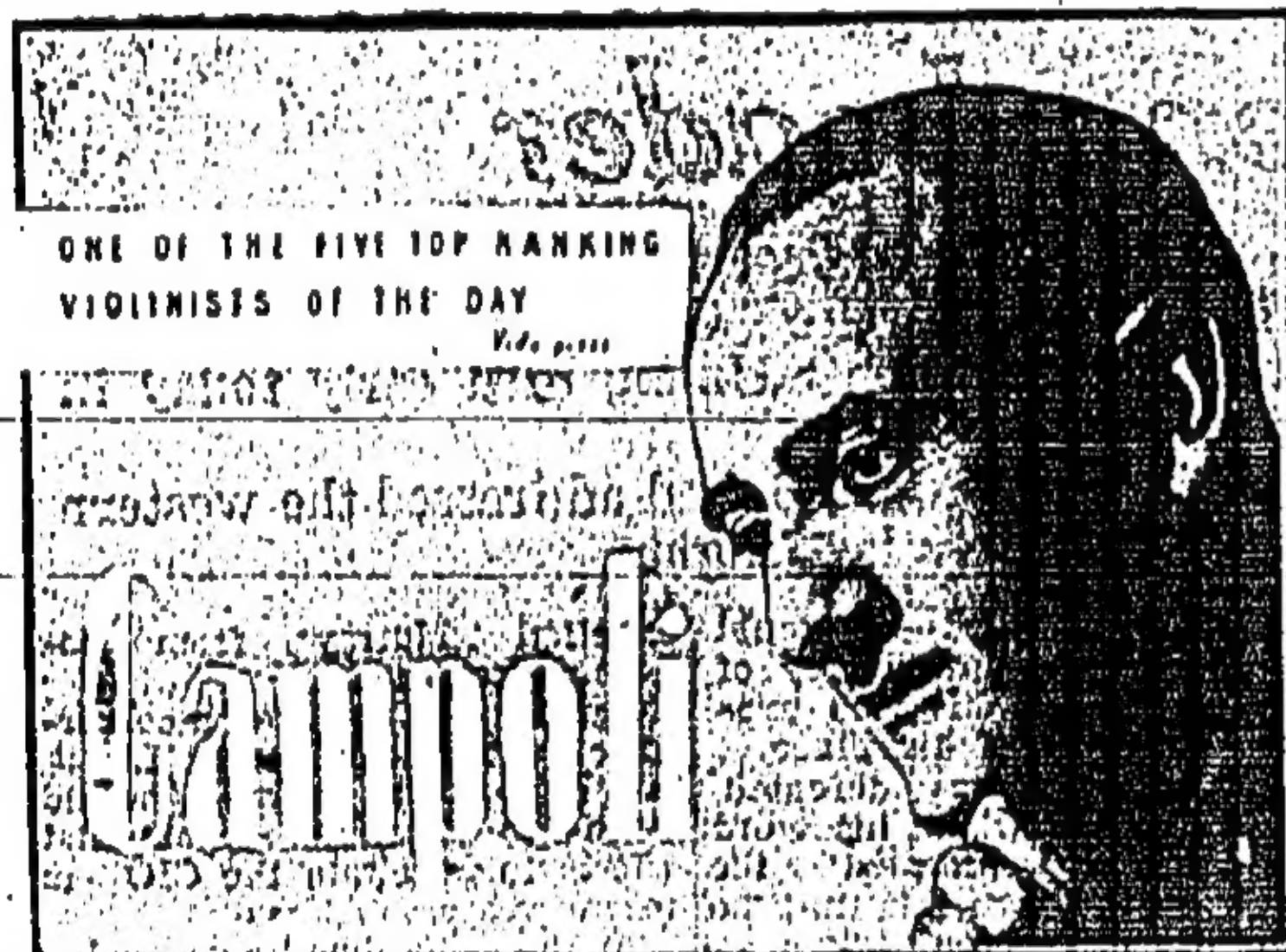


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AMSTERDAM. "Campoli's appearance in Amsterdam was nothing short of a revelation."—Brabant-Helmond.

ROTTERDAM. "Campoli is one of the outstanding personalities in the present generation of violinists."—Het Vrije Volk.

PARIS. "Marvellous is the word which serves to describe a violinist of such outstanding ability, together with great beauty of tone and expression."—Opera.

MELBOURNE. "Campoli thrilled the audience—amazed everyone with his versatility. Every item regardless of whether it was a major composition of Bach or a minor one of Hubay was still endowed with an artistry that reflected his innate taste."—Argus.

ADELAIDE. "Not since Kreisler has Adelaide heard a violinist of the calibre of Campoli. He revealed a peak of violin playing which will probably remain unparalleled for many years."—Advertiser.

AUCKLAND. "There are few such violinists in a life-time."—Star.

EDINBURGH. "Tremendous waves of applause followed Campoli's performance."—Despatch.

COLOMBO. "Terrific, absolutely magnificent, one of the five top ranking violinists of the present day."—Ceylon Daily News.

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Death Of Israel's President Mourned By World Leaders



So successful was their last appearance in cabaret together that Mary Martin, star of "South Pacific," and Noel Coward appeared again at the Cafe de Paris in London for a charity show. This picture shows the couple rehearsing for the show. — Central Press Photo.

Vital Election In W. German States

Frankfurt, Nov. 9.
Three of West Germany's nine States including industrial North Rhine-Westphalia went to the polls today to elect over 100,000 members of local councils.

To Ask Ban On "Toys"

London, Nov. 9.
A Member of Parliament is to ask the Government to ban toy coshes for children.
Sir Waldron Smithers, Conservative, said the sale of toy coshes should be stopped in view of the wave of crime and violent assault.
Sir Waldron is to ask the Home Secretary, Sir David Maxwell Fyfe, in the House of Commons next Tuesday to introduce legislation outlawing such sales.
Another MP, Labourite G. H. Chetwynd, is to ask the Government to ban toy guns and daggers as well. — Associated Press.

Venturesome Girls

London, Nov. 9.
"Equipped only with rucksacks, two venturesome young women, Sylvia Taylor, of London, England, and Corrine Young, of Hawke Bay, New Zealand—left Calgary, Alberta, to hitch-hike to Alaska and the Arctic Circle.



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11. T. THE SEVENTH VEIL.
12. W. City Lights.
13. F. The Real Glory.
14. F. The Law and the Lady.
15. S. Bright Victory.
16. S. Son of Fury.
17. K. Two Tickets to Broadway.

London, Nov. 9.
Queen Elizabeth II and statesmen, the Press and organisations in many countries paid tribute today to the qualities of Dr Chaim Weizmann, Israel President who died in Jerusalem this morning.

Messages spoke of the grief occasioned by the passing of one who had dedicated an inspired life to Jewry. Queen Elizabeth II telegraphed to the Acting President of Israel:—

"I have learned with deep regret of the death of Dr Chaim Weizmann, who devoted his life so wholeheartedly to the welfare of his people. Please convey my sincere sympathy to the family."
Premier Churchill's telegram to Prime Minister David Ben Gurion read:
"I am deeply grieved to hear of the death of my old friend, Dr Chaim Weizmann. The world has lost a distinguished citizen and Israel a faithful son. I should be grateful if you would convey my sympathy to Mrs Weizmann."

The following Reuter dispatches told of world reaction.
Berlin—News of the death of Dr Weizmann will be received with deep sorrow by the German people, the West Berlin Lord Mayor, Professor Ernst Reuter said.
"His life's work found its fulfilment and its crown in the founding of the State of Israel. Our sympathy will be the deeper because of the immeasurable sorrow caused both to him and to millions of our Jewish fellow citizens by the injustice of the part," Professor Reuter added.

DEEP EMOTION

West German President Theodor Heuss was said to have received the news with deep emotion.
At Bonn, Herr Erich Ollenhauer, leader of the German Social Democrats said: "We deeply regret the loss of a man who has done so much for Jewry."

Chaim Weizmann has made important significant contributions to the construction of the State of Israel.
Paris—A French Foreign Ministry spokesman said: "France heard the news of the death of Chaim Weizmann with deep sorrow. The French people will share the grief of the people of Israel at the passing of this great figure."

Mr Jacob Kaplan, Chief Rabbi of Paris, said: "President Weizmann was destined to play a great part in the history of Jewry. His name will always remain linked with the miraculous resurrection of Israel, a resurrection in which he played a great part."

GREAT HUMANITARIAN
"French Jewry will join in with the whole world in paying tribute to the great scientist and statesman and will share the grief of the people of Israel."

Special services in French synagogues will be held for the late President next week.

New York—The New York Times said Dr Weizmann's life was "sufficiently full of adventure, romance, accomplishment and fulfillment to have been lived by a dozen men. He was a world-famous scientist, a statesman-leader of a forceful political movement, an intellectual and above all a great humanitarian."

This paper said that in 78 years he "experienced every emotion: regard for priceless scientific achievement; despair, when the great prize seemed lost and triumph when the prize—his lifelong dream of a Jewish home in Palestine—was achieved."

Canberra—Dr Weizmann was a courageous and inspiring leader who throughout his life devoted himself to the cause of democracy and justice. Dr Herbert V. Evatt, leader of Australia's Labour Party said here today.

PLACE IN HISTORY
Dr Evatt, a former President of the United Nations General Assembly, said that Dr Weizmann had earned an outstanding place in modern history.

The Australian Prime Minister, Mr Robert Menzies, said that he would send a message of condolence.
London—The Board of Deputies of British Jews today

expressed the profound grief of British Jewry.

A message to Israel Ambassador Eliahu Elath said: "No tribute can adequately convey the debt which world Jewry owes to the late President whose lifelong endeavours and determination combined with statesmanship of the highest order culminated in the creation of the State of Israel, a homeland and refuge for oppressed Jewry from all quarters of the world."

The Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland have called on British Zionists and British Jewry to observe a week of mourning in memory of the great national leader.

TRUMAN'S TRIBUTE
In Washington, President Truman said that mankind has lost an able leader in the death of President Chaim Weizmann of Israel.

This statement of tribute made public at the White House said: "Mankind has lost an able leader in the death of Chaim Weizmann, Israel's first President."

"His devotion to the establishment of a homeland for the Jewish people; both before its realisation and as the head of the new Government, has brought him the respect and gratitude of millions. He was a man of wisdom and I was honoured to know him."

Mr Teyghe Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, said that Dr Weizmann had been a statesman of rare vision and courage.
In Vienna, Dr Emil Maurer, President of the Vienna Jewish Religious Community, paid warm tribute to "his services and character of Dr Weizmann."

A hall was crowded to its very limits in Vienna for a special service of commemoration of the 14th anniversary of the pogrom and the burning of the Vienna synagogues by the Nazis on November 9 and 10, 1938.

After this great assembly had paid its last respects to the late President of Israel, Dr Maurer went to commemorate the fearful days of 14 years ago when their temple was burned and tens of thousands of Jews were taken away to concentration camps.

A minute of silence was maintained in memory of those who died in the gas chambers and concentration camps.—Reuter.

SON RETURNING
Mr Benjamin Weizmann, son of Dr Weizmann, flew with his wife and grandson for Israel tonight.

The funeral of his father has been postponed so that they can be present. They are due to arrive at Lydda at 8 a.m. GMT tomorrow.

Also on their plane, an El Al Airlines aircraft, were Lord Nathan, former Minister of Civil Aviation, Sir Simon Marks, Chairman of a chain of British general stores and a former Director of the British Board of Overseas Airways, and Mr Sigmund Gestetner, Chairman and Manager of the British duplicating firm. They will also attend the funeral.

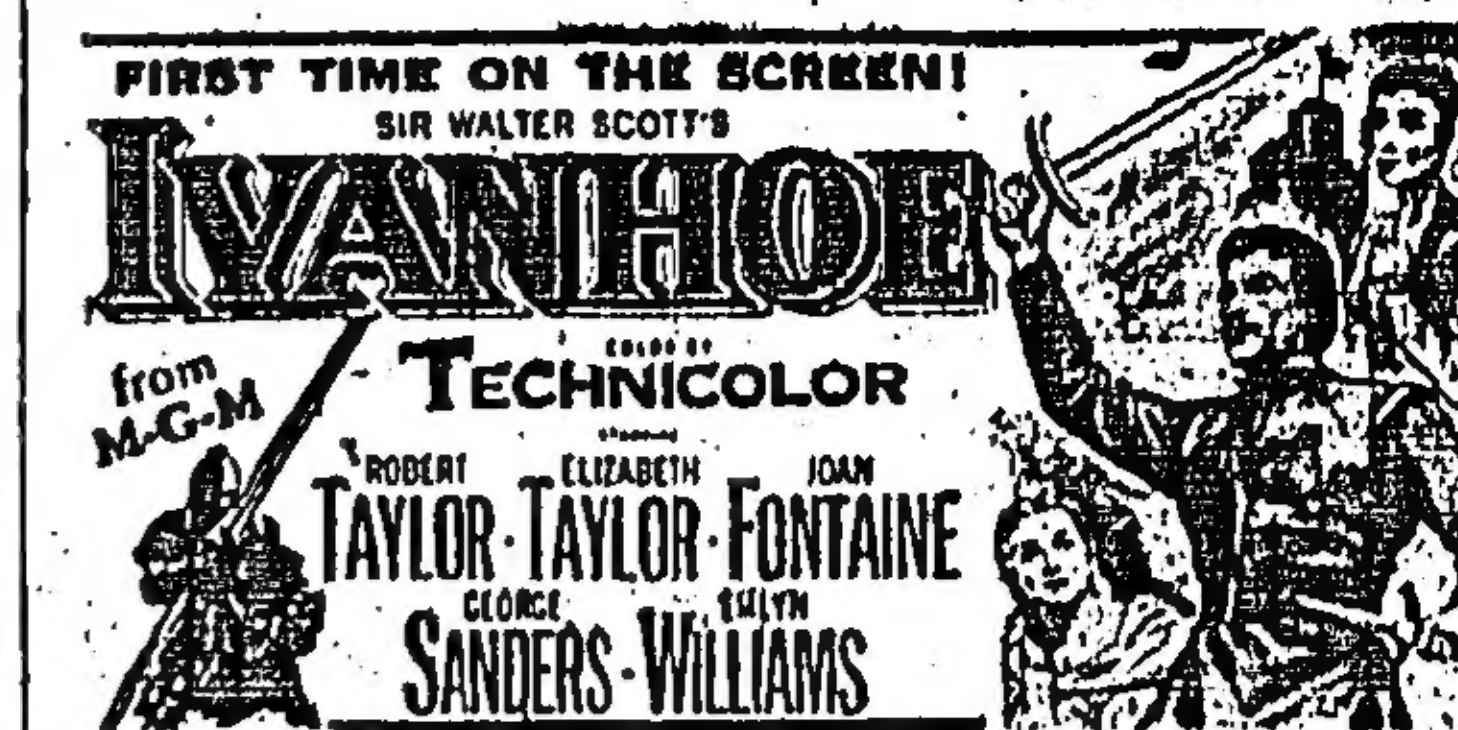
Lord Nathan, a minute before the plane took off, said: "In the early hours of this morning there died one of the world's great figures, I go to Israel tonight as a mark of respect to an old and honoured friend, one who has, in many spheres of activity, made a mark in history."

"Dr Weizmann was devoted to the well-being and happiness of those Jews who lived in less happy lands and were persecuted. He used to say 'I can smell a pogrom coming in the distance,' and it was against the pogroms that he worked to ensure a safe homeland for the persecuted Jewry."

Sir Simon Marks said: "No one worked harder for understanding between Britain and Israel."—Reuter.

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M. **QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

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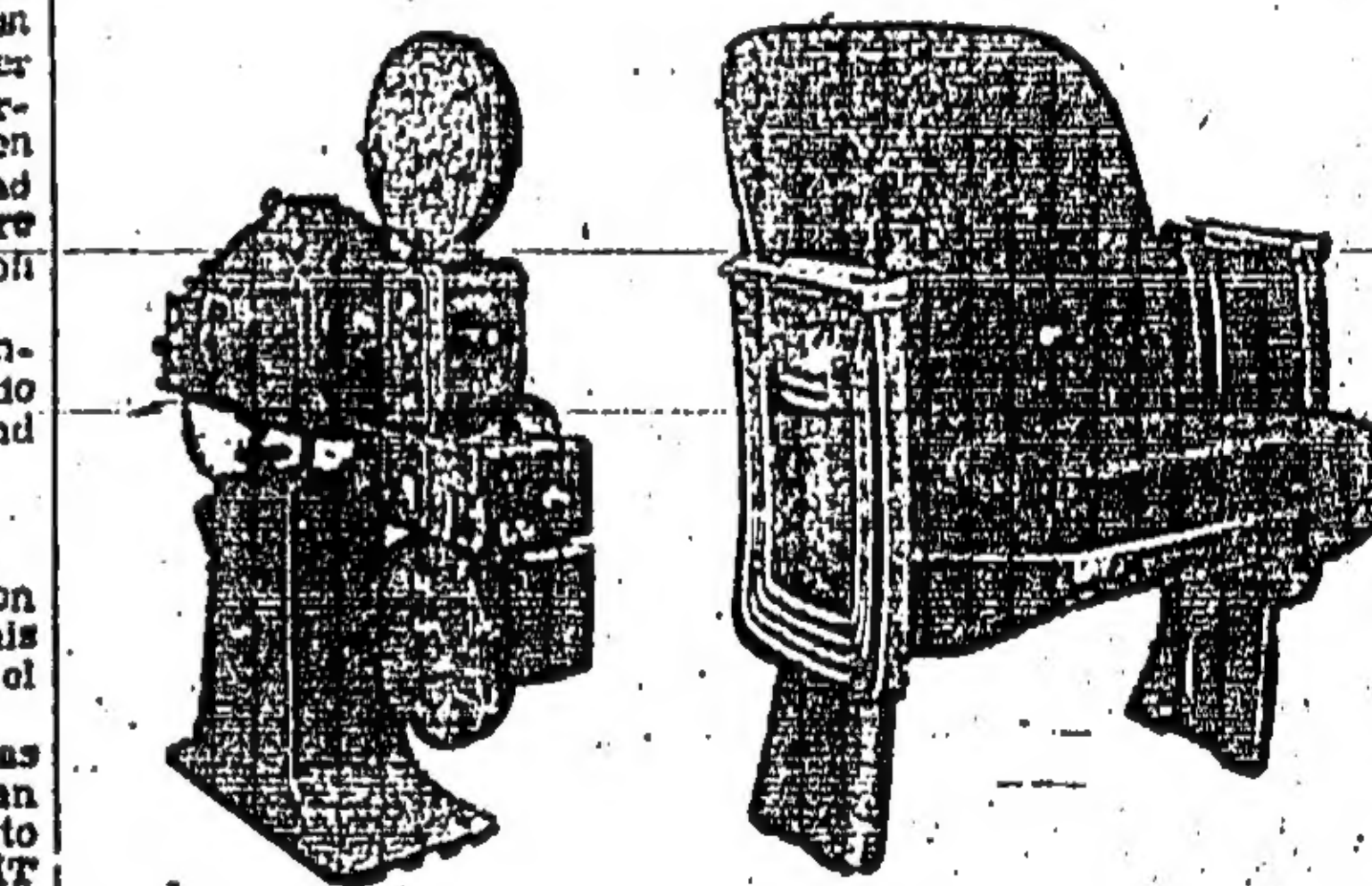
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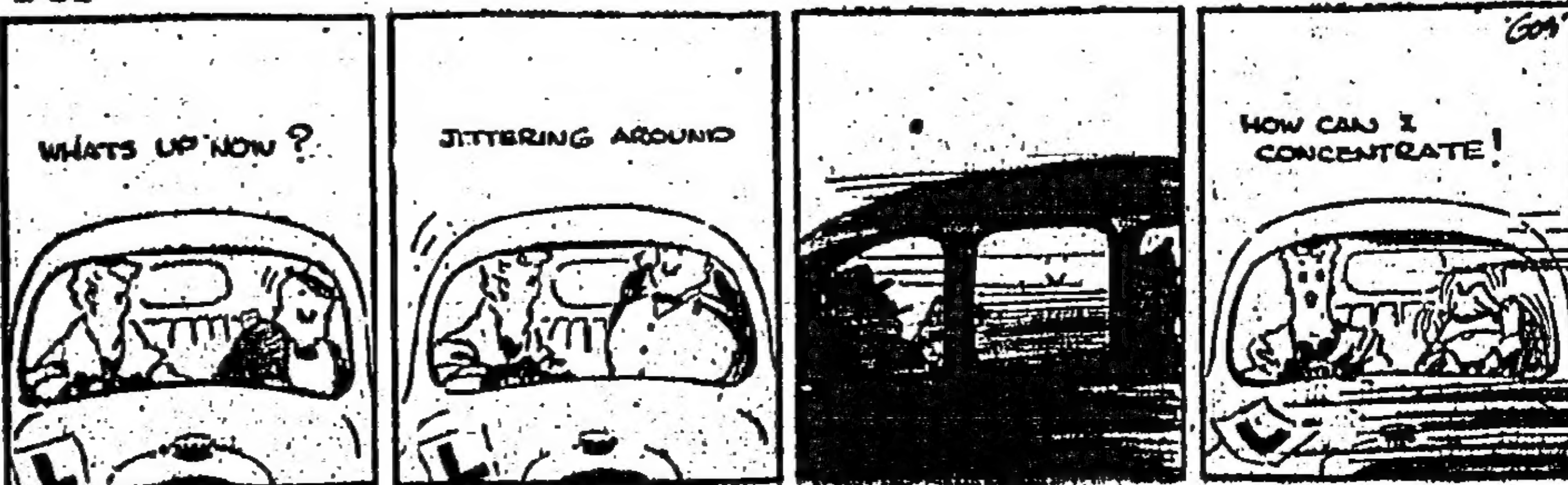
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POP



Nervous breakdown



ARAB LEAGUE BOYCOTT THREAT

Dispute With Germany Over Payment To Israel.

Hint That More Drastic Step Might Follow

Cairo, Nov. 9.

The Arab States will boycott Germany if the German-Israeli compensation agreement is ratified, a spokesman of the Arab League Political Committee announced tonight.

He said the Political Committee considered the Bonn Government's reply to the Arab note, urging it to reconsider the compensation issue, was very vague.

The German Ambassador to Egypt, Dr. Gruenther Pawelke, was summoned by the Premier, General Mohammed Naguib, for a second time tonight to be informed of the Arab action.

The Political Committee's decision, which was being put into legal form, were expected to be announced on Monday night, the spokesman said.

He said an economic boycott of German goods would be the first step if the compensation agreement were ratified.

The German Ambassador is understood to have told General Naguib earlier today that his Government was prepared to delay submission of the compensation agreement to the Bundestag.

Dr. Pawelke denied last night that he had been handed on Friday a 48-hour ultimatum by General Naguib threatening the cutting off of economic relations between West Germany and the Arab States if the West German-Israeli compensation agreement was ratified.

The Ambassador then said General Naguib had warned him that the Arab States might break off economic relations, and had requested a reply on the attitude of the Bonn Government before the Arab League Political Committee convened at 5 p.m. today.

Dr. Pawelke told the Egyptian Premier when he saw him on Friday that he expected to hand over his Government's reply at 10 a.m. today.

"GRAVE CONSEQUENCES"

General Naguib said last night he had asked Dr. Pawelke to urge the Bonn Government to reconsider the agreement, and told him of Egyptian public opinion towards this "harmful decision."

Last month the Arab League sent a delegation to Bonn to put before the West German Government the view that the agreement, which gives Israel raw materials and machinery, would increase the potential hostility of Israel.

A state of war still exists officially between Israel and Egypt, Syria, the Lebanon, Jordan and Saudi Arabia.

The Arab League Secretariat published the contents of the Arab note to the Bonn Government tonight. The note said that if Germany paid an indemnity to Israel, "this might have grave consequences, as world Jews would be considered to be Israeli subjects, and Jews living in Arab States would be regarded as enemy subjects."

The Arab Note dealt with the following points:

"1. Israel is in a state of war with seven Arab States.

Consequently neutral States, including Germany, must adopt an attitude of neutrality and not give any aid to either of the parties in the conflict.

"2. German aid to Israel would cause trouble in the Middle East. Israel is definitely not heir to the rights of Jews persecuted under the Nazi regime. No international law, therefore, compels Germany to pay an indemnity to Israel, which moreover did not then exist, and persecuted Jews were not then nationals of Israel.

"3. If the German Federal Government pays this indemnity to Israel it would imply that Israel represents all Jews throughout the world, and this might have grave consequences. In fact every Jew, wherever he lives, would become an Israeli subject, and Jews in Arab States would be regarded as enemy subjects."

The Arab note urged the Bonn Government to compensate Jews by means other than those which would affect Arab States.

The note refuted the claim that Jewish immigrants came to Palestine because of German persecution, and said such persecution ended after the war. It added: "Furthermore Israel has not recognised the right to compensation. Otherwise she would have observed the United Nations resolution to pay indemnities to Palestine Arab refugees."—Reuter.

DIPLOMATIC BREAK?

Cairo, Nov. 9.

Seven member States of the Arab League today studied counter-measures to be taken if Germany insisted on enforcing the German-Israeli compensation agreement. A final decision was postponed until Monday.

Representatives of Egypt, Syria, the Lebanon, Iraq, Jordan, Saudi Arabia and the Yemen went into conference on Friday night and continued the debate last night amid widespread reports that they might unanimously decide on severance of diplomatic relations with West Germany.

Premier Mohamed Naguib, emerging from Friday night's meeting, told reporters they were pondering the consequences of a possible break with West Germany.

Authoritative sources described the situation after last night's meeting as hopeful but still vague.

The informants said that a break with West Germany, though in sight, was still not inevitable.

Earlier today German Ambassador Gruenther called on Naguib, reportedly to deliver his Government's reply on proposals made on Friday.

The informants said Germany's reply was friendly.

The same source indicated that Germany indicated postponement of final ratification and readiness to enter immediate talks with the Arabs on the question.

There was, however, no official comment and a meeting was called for Monday night.—Associated Press.

BONN'S ARGUMENT

Bonn, Nov. 9.

West Germany today rejected the Arab League's protests against Germany's agreement to pay Israel \$715,000,000 as reparation for Jewish losses under Nazi persecution.

The Germans refused to scrap the agreement.

Authoritative German Government sources said here that Bonn's Ambassador to Cairo, Dr. Gruenther Pawelke, handed a note this afternoon to Egypt's strong man, General Mohamed Naguib, spokesman of the seven Arab League States.

The German note answered the drastic threat by Naguib two days ago, which told the Bonn Government if it did not cancel the whole reparations agreement the Arab world might sever all economic ties with West Germany.

According to these German sources, Chancellor Konrad Adenauer instructed his Ambassador to Cairo to tell Gen. Naguib that Germany would stick by the reparations agreement and that the German Bundestag would ratify it soon.

The note, handed over during a 70-minute talk, between the German Ambassador and

General Naguib, also told the Arab countries that the German Government saw no reason why the export of German goods to Israel would increase the war potential of the Jewish State.

A GUARANTEE

One of the chief arguments of the Arab States against the agreement has been the charge that the German deliveries increased the military strength of Israel which still is in a technical state of war with the Arab countries.

Bonn officials, however, brushed this argument aside by giving the Arab States a formal guarantee that no strategic goods were to be exported to Israel and that on top of that a clause in the agreement forbids the Jews to re-export German goods.

The German Government also, according to these sources, offered individual trade talks with each of the Arab States, promising every effort to meet their economic demands.

The German note also pointed out that none of the Arab States raised any objection to the agreement during its many months long negotiations at The Hague earlier this year.

CONFIDENT

It was reported that General Naguib immediately took the German note into a current session of the Arab League's Political Committee gathered to determine its further diplomatic strategy toward Germany.

The diplomatic action was the latest development in a series of growing protests by the Arab States against the reparations agreement signed in Luxembourg last September as partial restitution for plundering the Jews under the Nazis.

The German Government was reported to be waiting a reply to the General Naguib's reply to the German note and the final decision of the Arab League whether it will break off economic and possibly diplomatic relations with Germany.

German Government sources were confident, however, that the Arab States would not resort to such drastic measures since in the German view there was absolutely no legal or economic reason to do so.—Associated Press.

Trying To Find The Best Brew

Nutfield, Nov. 9.

Scientists are hard at work in a countryside laboratory here trying to find out what makes the best of beer.

Let by one of Britain's best-known chemists, Sir Ian Heilbron, they have established the world's first centralised brewing research centre.

The scientists are working for the Brewing Industry Research Foundation which has been set up by the breweries to help improve the average man's glass of ale.

At Nutfield the scientists watch the composition of beer while it is still brewing. With the aid of two experimental miniature breweries, they are working out the best way to control the process.

Barley germination, yeast, and methods of combating bacteria are also being studied.

Results of the research are available to breweries all over the world. Brewing scientists have visited Nutfield from the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Japan and Trinidad.—Reuter.

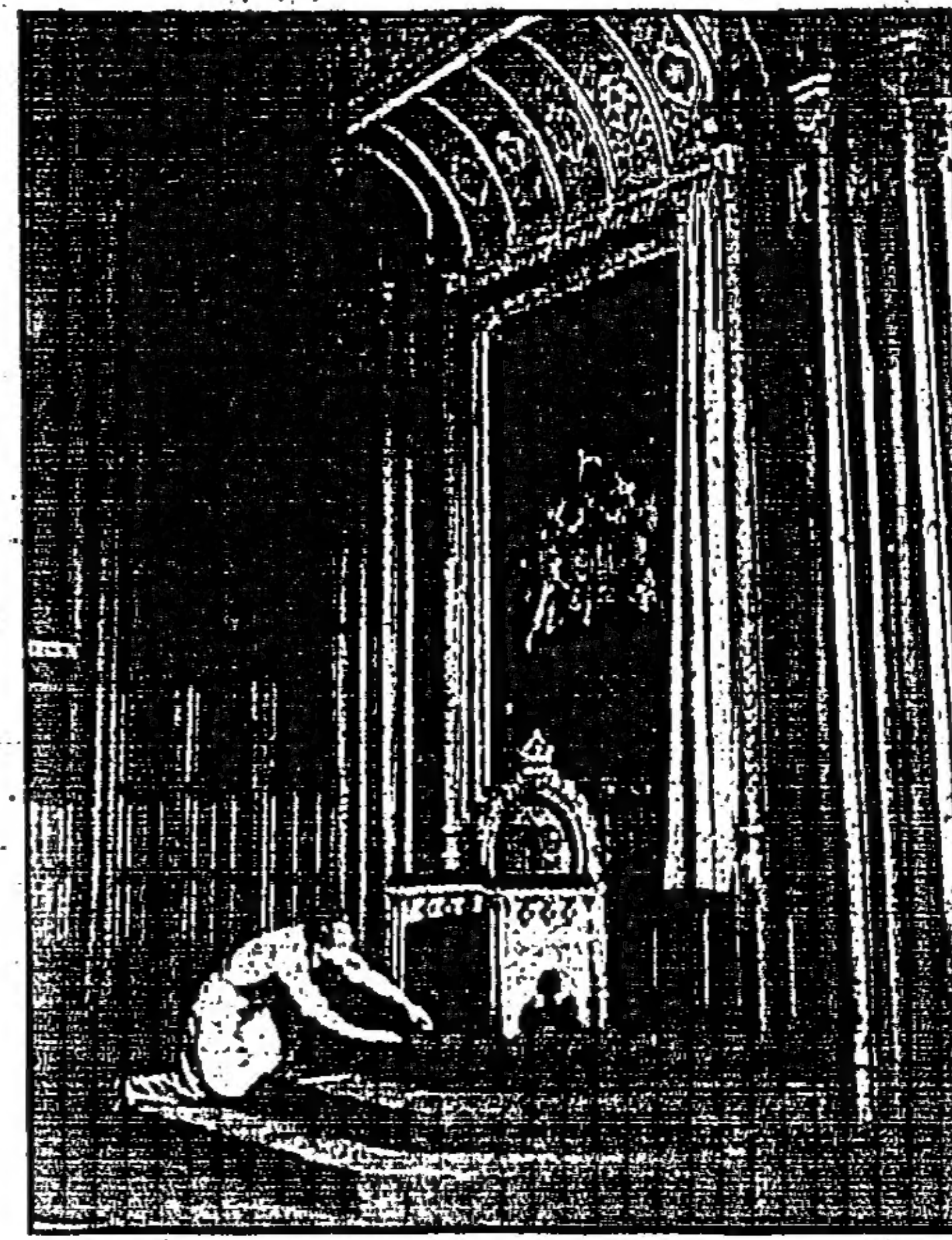
Women Demand Equal Rights

Baghdad, Nov. 9.

The President of the Iraqi Women's Union, Madame Wahbi, today submitted a petition to Premier Umari, signed by 500 of the country's leading women, demanding permission to take part in the forthcoming general elections this month.

She also demanded full constitutional rights for women, especially equal treatment in the political, economic and social fields.—Reuter.

A Chair For The Queen



Ministry of Works staff shown putting the finishing touches to the Queen's Robing Room in the House of Lords for the State Opening of Parliament last week. The chair shown in the picture, which was used by the Queen, was originally Queen Victoria's.—Reuterphoto.

Albanian Regime Said Meeting Serious Trouble

Rome, Nov. 9.

Highly-organised, armed anti-Communist guerillas are on the verge of an open revolt against the Albanian Government, "free" Albanian refugees here report.

The National Committee for a Free Albania, which has headquarters in New York city, said its "confirmed reports" came from its own emissaries in Albania.

According to the Committee, organised resistance bands are operating almost openly in some parts of the country and "there is no doubt as to the seriousness of the uprising which faces Enver Hoxha's puppet regime."

Army posts and other security installations are being destroyed "almost at will" by the guerilla forces, the reports state.

They add that it is virtually impossible for important Communist officials to travel about the country unless they have large bodyguards of troops. Despite these precautions, however, an important Communist official was assassinated recently while addressing a Communist rally in a small village in the Scutari prefecture.

A reliable source, quoted by the Committee, reported that the Hoxha Government was using forced labour to build new pillboxes along the Yugoslav frontier. These pillboxes were reportedly designed to keep Albanians from fleeing the country as well as warding off possible invasion.

This same source said that every family with two physically fit members had to give up one of them to the forced labour scheme while families with three physically fit members lost two of them.

MAJOR PURGE

The Committee said its agents had reported that Hoxha was attempting to counter the moves against his regime with an intensified purge of "doubtful elements."

Bulgarian "experts" have reportedly arrived to strengthen the Russian advisory mission which is already in Albania.

The Committee said that Hoxha had fallen into disgrace at the Kremlin and moves were now underway to have him replaced. His possible successor was named as Mehmet Shehu, a Moscow-trained fanatic.

The Kremlin was attempting to "liquidate" Hoxha by de-

Taxi Drivers Accused

Ankara, Nov. 9.

Mayor Atif Henderoglu (Democrat) of Ankara called a Press conference to complain that 200 taxi drivers had violated a municipal ordinance by blowing their horns during a Republican street demonstration.

He said the licence numbers had been taken down and insisted there might be a sequel.

The taxi drivers had joined in a procession which escorted to his home Ismet Inonu, former Turkish President and leader of Atatürk's opposition Republican Party.—Associated Press.

ATLANTIC PACT WAR GAMES IN MEDITERRANEAN

Naples, Nov. 9.

Some 170 ships, 500 aircraft and Army and Marine units of the American, British, French, Italian, Greek and Turkish forces are taking part in the Atlantic Pact forces' 10-day Exercise "Long Step", which began on November 3.

It is under the overall direction of Admiral Robert Carney, of the United States Navy, Commander-in-Chief of the Allied forces in Southern Europe, with headquarters in Naples.

One plane was lost in yesterday's activity, but the crew were rescued, according to a message from the United States carrier Salerno Bay.

The plane, whose nationality was not disclosed, crashed in the Sicilian Straits.

Commanded by Rear-Admiral Rufus E. Ryan, the United States Navy, an amphibious attack force carrying American Marines and French and Italian commandos was preparing to enter the waters south of Sicily today.

They were to be joined later by Royal Hellenic ships transporting Greek raiders.

The British submarines Teken and Talent kept anti-submarine forces busy yesterday off Bonifacio, where opposing forces were rehearsing an amphibious landing.

TORPEDO ATTACKS

They reported to their international headquarters at Malta that they had launched torpedo attacks against the landing force ships, which were lying within 800 yards off the North African beach.

British ships and aircraft last night and early today helped break up simulated submarine and bomber attacks on a convoy headed for Augusta, Sicily.

Two air strikes were made against the convoy last night as it was passing through the Sicilian Strait. But British Air Force Lancasters and Shackletons from Malta carried out close escort duties and Royal Navy Fireflies, also from Malta, patrolled in co-operation with Italian anti-submarine vessels.

Early today a British minesweeper pressed home a simulated depth charge assault on a submarine south of Augusta as one part of the convoy reached the harbour. Other ships were due throughout the day.

A Royal Air Force Lancaster bomber from Malta gave a British frigate new life yesterday. The bomber flew to HMS Cygnet, whose anti-submarine work had been halted by a burned-out stabilising motor, and dropped a replacement motor alongside her.—Reuter.

The Committee claims that it is Moscow's hope that the mountain clansmen will assassinate Hoxha and that Shehu can then be placed at the head of the Government to conduct a bloody crusade against the anti-Communists using Hoxha's murder as the pretext.—Reuter.

Nationalist Press reports, impossible to confirm here, say the Chinese Communist authorities at Canton recently put to death 600 teachers, authors and other intellectuals.—Associated Press.

Taipei, Nov. 9.

Despite these apparent improvements inside the barred wire enclosures, many of the brutal procedures and methods of the early purge days continue to be used by the Soviet authorities in apprehending, sentencing and transporting their victims to forced labour camps.

"Midnight arrests, baseless accusations, physical and psychological torture, confessions signed under duress, and transport, sometimes for thousands of miles, in overcrowded and unhygienic cattle cars, are still part of the standard routine suffered by the unfortunate selected to work in the Soviet forced labour battalions."—Reuter.

Washington, Nov. 9.

A United States Government report today said conditions in Russia's forced labour groups showed some improvement but many brutalities were still practised.

A summary of the report prepared for presentation to the United Nations Committee on forced labour, at Geneva, said: "There is continual conflict among Soviet forced labour functionaries as to whether forced labour should be used for punishment and liquidation of undesirable elements or for the exploitation of apparently cheap prison labour."

"Since the Soviet economy is at present geared largely to war production, the exploitative factor would seem now to be dominant, requiring that the labourers be fed, clothed and housed at survival level."

"The continued activity of the United Nations, certain of its specialised agencies and organs of the free labour movement in investigating forced labour has focused world public opinion on Soviet forced labour practices and may have induced Soviet police authorities to pursue a more cautious policy."

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Red Leader Purged?

Vienna, Nov. 9.

Hungarian newspaper reports show that Zoltan Vas, head of the State Planning Office and considered as fourth in the Hungarian Communist hierarchy, was absent from the Budapest celebrations of the Russian revolution's 35th anniversary.

His place by the side of Premier Matyas Rakosi was taken by Defence Minister Mihail Farkas.

Vas was not nominated to an eight-man committee recently appointed to draft new statutes for the Hungarian Communist Party. Nor was he present at the departure and return of a recent Government delegation to East Germany.

Little has been heard of Mr. Vas since last March.—Reuter.

MEDIATION IN TUNIS PROPOSED

New York, Nov. 9.

The International Confederation of Free Trade Unions has called upon the United Nations to set up a good offices committee empowered to mediate in and settle the Franco-Tunisian conflict.

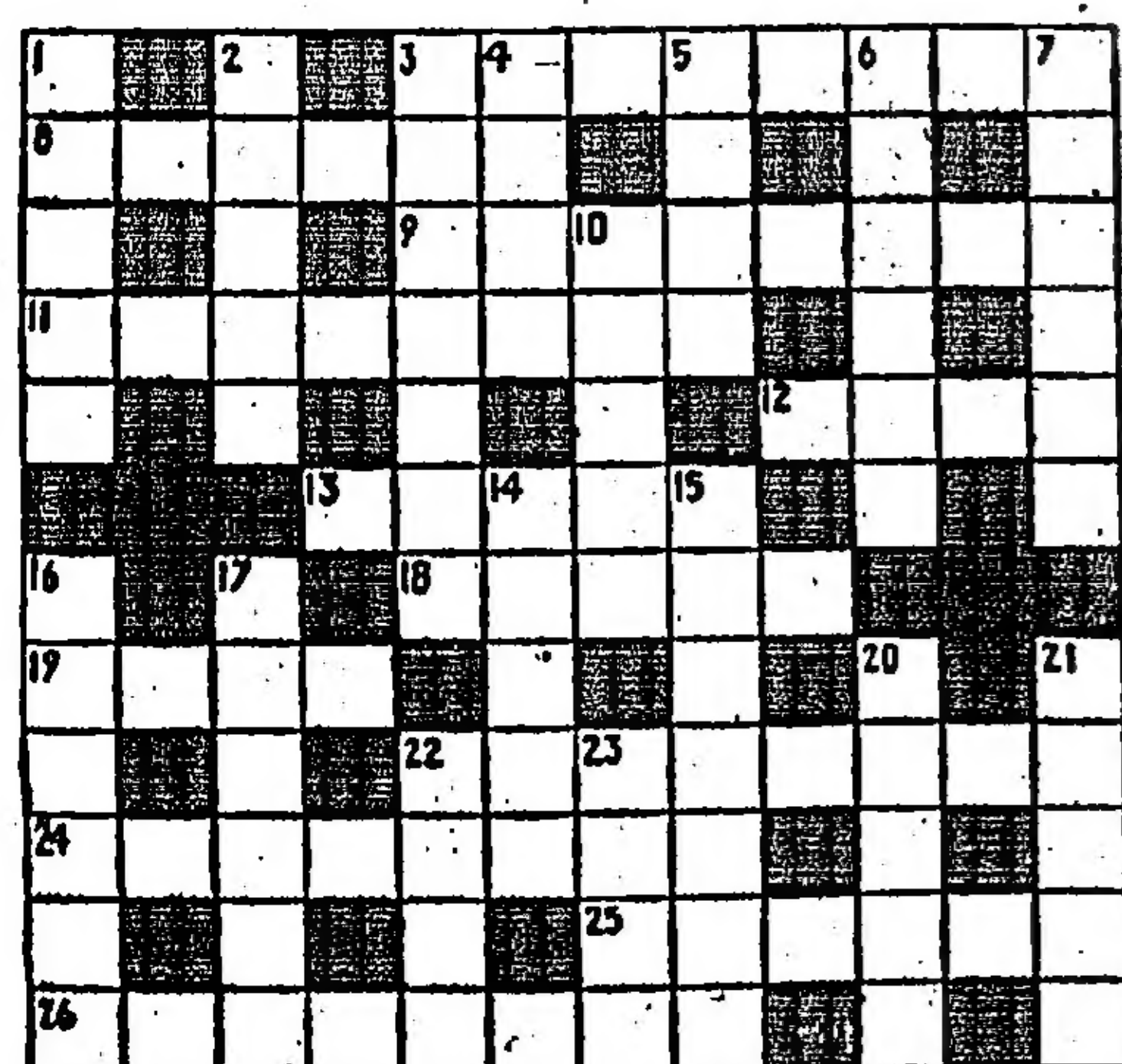
In a message to all United Nations governmental delegations the ICTFU representing almost 65,000,000 workers charged that France has shown, hitherto, that she is not yet ready to satisfy the "legitimate national aspirations of the Tunisian people."

Declaring that the Tunisian demands "are the expression neither of a blind extremism nor a narrow and unthinking nationalism," the ICTFU statement declares: "We are convinced that by trusting the clear-sightedness of the Tunisian people, we shall make them the best ally in the defence of Democracy."

The statement added that the recommendations for the establishment of a good offices committee grew out of the technique, used in settling the struggle of Indonesia for her independence, which proved to be effective.

The ICTFU said: "As regards the Franco-Tunisian problem, there is every hope that a good offices committee set up by the United Nations General Assembly, could contribute effectively towards reconciling the divergent points of view and towards uncovering a constructive solution, which would respect the Democratic rights of the Tunisian people and the interest of France."—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 3 Cowards (8).
- 6 Gambol (6).
- 9 Accumulating (8).
- 11 Unmerciful (8).
- 12 Hemp (4).
- 13 Run (6).
- 14 Feeder (4).
- 16 Land measure (4).
- 22 Intrepid (8).
- 24 Go under (8).
- 25 Last (6).
- 26 Have no confidence in (8).

DOWN

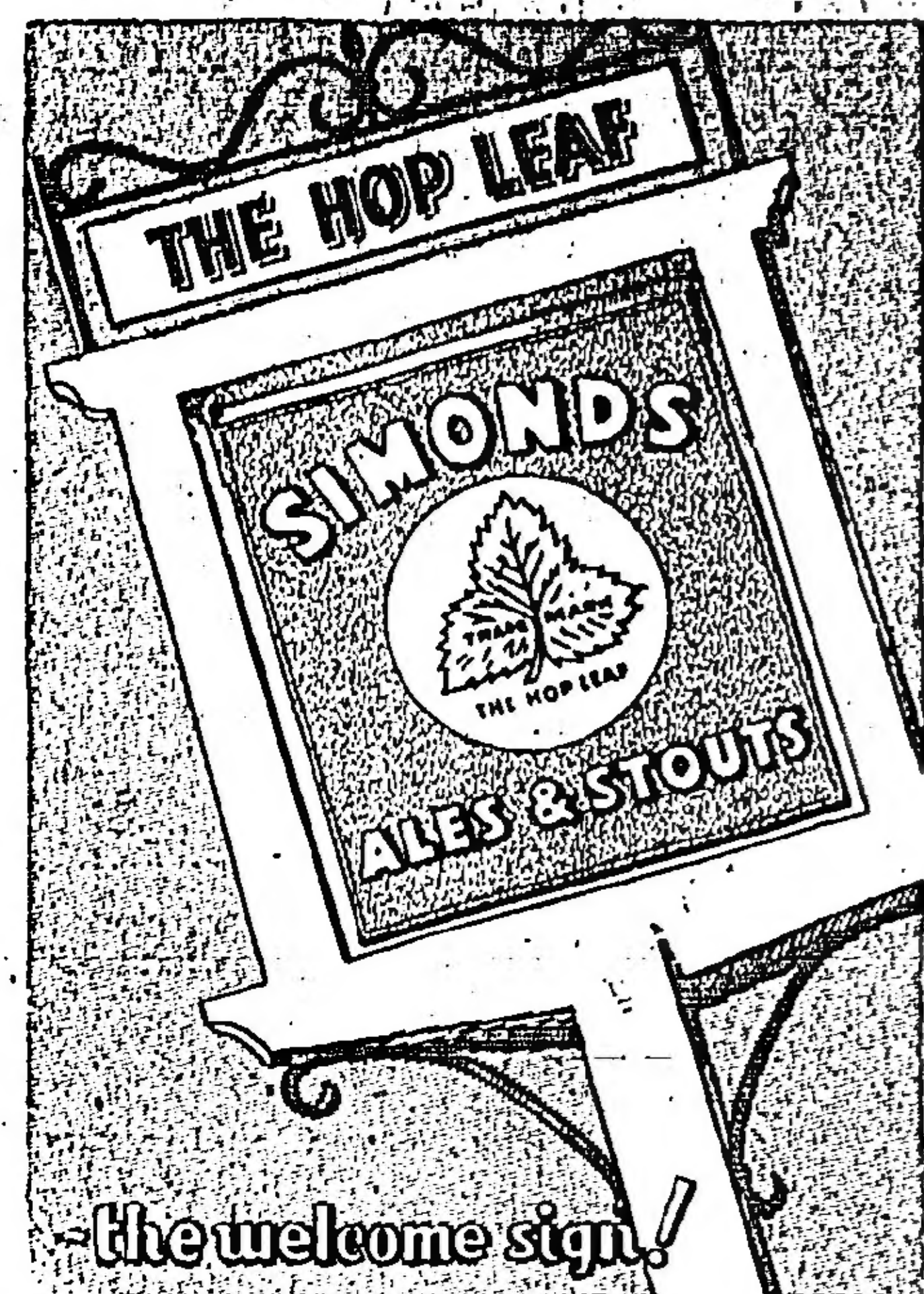
- 1 Blazing (6).
- 2 Opening (5).
- 3 Form of speech peculiar to a district (7).
- 4 Highest point (4).
- 5 Throw (4).
- 6 Dried fruit (6).
- 7 Drooped (6).
- 10 Racecourse (8).
- 14 External (5).
- 15 Raging stream (7).
- 16 Hostile (6).
- 17 Groups of clans (6).
- 20 First appearance (5).
- 21 Willow (5).
- 22 Flight (6).
- 23 Grows old (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across—3 Assassin, 7 Ached, 9 Dramatic, 10 Oracle, 12 Replete, 16 Pigs, 17 Anglers, 18 Current, 20 Lees, 21 Limited, 26 Sonnet, 27 Absolute, 28 Tools, 29 Sentries. Down—1 Major, 2 Cheap, 3 Addle, 4 Elms, 5 Settee, 6 Rectory, 8 Royal, 11 Ruinous, 12 Clois, 14 Enlist, 16 Elms, 18 Great, 19 Claims, 19 Reason, 22 Meets, 23 Telen, 24 Dense, 25 Blue.

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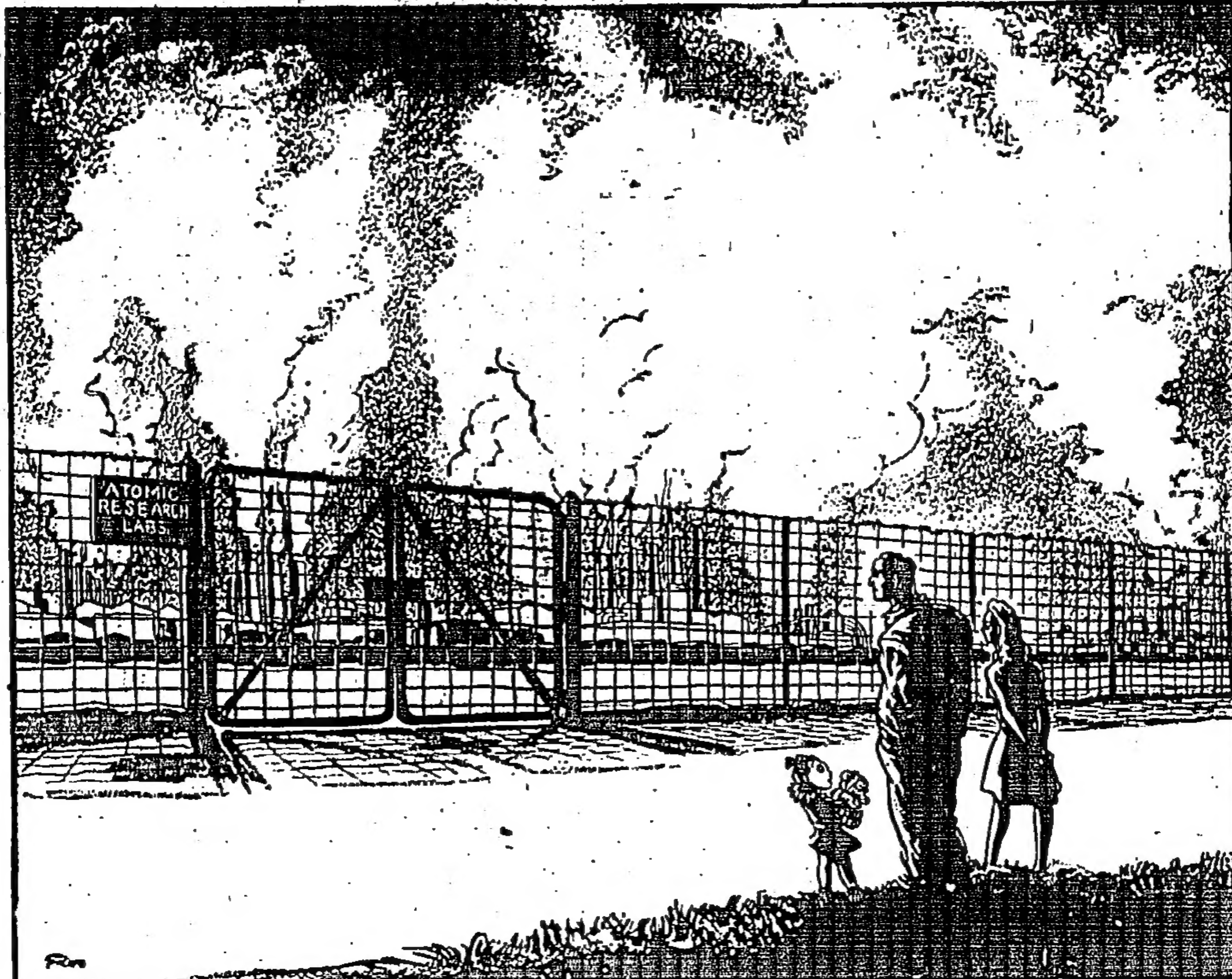


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YOUTH IN STALIN'S HOUSE OF BONDAGE

By Hugh Sutherland

THIRTY-FOUR years have passed since the Russian youth movement was harassed to the forces of the Bolshevik Revolution. How has it fared in the interim, and, on the evidence of Soviet propaganda itself, what shall we say of the Communist youth movement today?

The Komsomol, the Communist League of Youth, was formed by Lenin in 1918. The League's first Congress lasted from October 29 to November 4 of that year. The object of the movement (as in all modern totalitarian regimes) was to control and exploit the idealism of youth, its ill-defined revolutionary outlook, its impatience with tradition, and its natural enthusiasm for change.

Like the later Fascist dictators, Lenin soon discovered that its ardour lent itself to manipulation, for in other countries, so in Russia, the qualities of youth are more of the heart than of the head. The Lenin-Trotsky regime therefore, made frequent use of the young people's drive and progressiveness; and, at the outset, the young people were far from reluctant.

FALSE DAWN

NOT so today. The false dawn has clouded over. Thirty-four years have passed, and the bright aspirations of a Russian youth of, say, 20 are now the tedious reminiscences of a man in his fifties.

The reason is not far to seek. As the Soviet system developed, inevitably, into Stalinist autocracy, the Komsomol was deprived of its nominal "independence". The great purges of the 'thirties transformed the functions of the entire youth organisation. Para-military training became the order of the day, while strict conformity and rigid discipline rapidly displaced what remained of the idealism of 1917.

The Lenin-Trotsky regime, called for dynamic enthusiasm and initiative. After all, was it not young itself? But the Stalinist autocracy, having set hard

like concrete in mould, exacts these things above all else—a reiterated reverence for leadership, an unquestioning belief in the Leader's "infallibility" and "omniscience," a complete and utter subservience. To the youth of any country in any age, this spells humbug and hypocrisy, and it is a rule to which even Russia is no exception. Here is the factual evidence, garnered from official Soviet sources of recent date.

WARNING

ON October 12, 1952 Nikolai Mikhailov, Secretary of the Komsomol, addressed the 19th Congress of the Soviet Communist Party in Moscow. He warned the delegates that some Russian boys and girls were falling under the influence of religion. This, he said, was the result of "shortcomings in ideological work," and the problem would have to be tackled "vigorously". The "alien influence" of religion had caused young workers to become "slackers" and to break the rules of labour discipline.

Mikhailov did not bother to explain the far-fetched connection between religious faith and industrial indifference, but he argued that if religion were a menace to youth, then it must be the root of "sabotage".

Presumably, he was talking according to the book—the Komsomol Statute, which seeks to compel every young Communist to take part in the Marxist attacks on religion. This dogma—far more unyielding than that of any religious orthodoxy—is frequently given prominence in the pages of Komsomolskaya Pravda. On July 4, 1952, for example, its editorial declared:

"The Komsomol member, as an active propagandist of the scientific, materialistic world-outlook, cannot tolerate religious creeds. It is his duty actively to struggle against religious prejudices."

REJECTED

AS for morality, this also is rejected by Communist dogma. Lenin has said: "In what sense do we repudiate ethics and morality?... Our morality is entirely subordinated to the interests of the class-struggle of the proletariat."

Clearly, this ersatz ethic has not scored a great success in the ranks of the Komsomol. Speaking at the 19th Congress of the Georgian Komsomol, on May 15, 1952, the Georgian Communist Party's First Secretary, declared: "There are still cases of amorality among our young folk."

This question refers to a survival of capitalism in the consciousness of the people."

Once again the mysterious connection is taken for granted. If religion is responsible for slackness, then "a survival of capitalism" is the only possible cause of persisting wickedness!

Is any rational being expected to believe that the disappearance of one particular economic system would be, in itself, sufficient to banish all evil from the minds and hearts of men? Incredible—as it may seem this is now the accepted teaching of the Kremlin.

Fedor Gladkov, writing in the Soviet Literary Gazette on May 22, 1952, deplored the Russian adolescents' "hoi-politism, bad language, and all forms of obscenity." These "he described as the "infamous heritage" of the bourgeoisie past. To relate them to the Stalinist present would have been a fool-hardy deviation.

Immorality is the inevitable outcome of the training to which young Communists are subjected in the Komsomol. For virtue cannot flourish in an

atmosphere of hatred. And hatred is the constant refrain of the Komsomol's theme-song. One could quote many examples of this perversion of the generous instincts of youth.

Mgeladze, at the Georgian Komsomol's Congress (already mentioned), spoke of "arming the young citizens with intolerance, an aggressive spirit of vigilance and ardent hate of the enemy."

THE DEPTHS

AND a delegate from Byelorussia, speaking at another conference, made a significant admission. At the Sixth Session of the Commission on the Status of Women, on March 28, 1952, one Mme. Novikova declared "that assertions that children's books in the Soviet Union inculcated hatred into the younger generation were dangerous half-truths. It was, of course, a fact that children were taught to hate their enemies; but there was 'nothing wrong or immoral in that'."

No further proof is necessary. These are the depths to which the young people of the Soviet Union have been plunged, as the result of 34 years of Komsomol discipline and indoctrination.

SEA CHALLENGE TO BRITAIN

New York. **R**IGHT at the beginning of this new Elizabethan Age ships of five nations are beating the British merchant fleet to a fast-growing sea commerce. This trade lies along all Empire waterfront—the shoreline of Canada.

In growing numbers merchantmen from Norway, Sweden, Germany, France, and Holland are snatching cargoes from ports on the Great Lakes, in the heart of North America, and carrying them to London and Glasgow. And all over the world.

TRUE, only steamers under 3,100 tons can get this business now. But when Canada digs its big seaway to the Great Lakes (orders to start work may come this month) the stakes will be enormous.

Says Mr. R. H. Kohl, of Chicago, who charters ships and contracts for cargo in this trade: "We would welcome British ships. They could cash in on this."

SAD FOOTNOTE: One British freighter, the *Batholme*, is sailing with a Great Lakes charter to South America. She is under charter to a German line.

NEW YORK has had to give up plans for a new Under-ground railway. No money.

SAYS ex-boss bookmaker Harry Gross, now serving 12 years in prison for running an illegal \$7,000,000 a year bookmaking business: "I liked bookmaking just as some people like drugs. I enjoyed every minute of it."

He was in business for ten years. Now he has named dozens of policemen, including high officers, who took bribes to protect his business.

FORTY-SIX PERCENT, or more than 69,000 people in America, are crowded in cities on one half of one percent of the land.

VICE-ADMIRAL Emory Land, president of the Air Transport Association, says: "Present jet transports are not considered economical for airlines."

He did not name the Comet, the only jet carrying passengers. He "assumes" it will be five years before an American airline is operating even a small number of jets.

ARTURO TOSCANINI is to divide his winter season of conducting on a radio programme with his protégé, Guido Cantelli. Toscanini will do 14 Saturday concerts and Cantelli eight. Four of Toscanini's programmes will be devoted to Beethoven.

DO GERMANS CONDEMN HIM NOW?

Or are they angry that he failed?

A FULL-SCALE biography of Hitler* appearing less than eight years after his death! Even to attempt such a book must excite our admiration. The difficulties that confront the writer of recent history are formidable—difficulties of material, of selection of perspective.

Mr Bullock can be congratulated for leaping over so many of these hurdles. Or is "leaping" perhaps the wrong word, suggesting as it does a certain airborne quality on the whole seldom found in Mr Bullock's seven hundred sedate and conscientious pages describing the most violent and demonic career of our times?

Whatever its minor blemishes, Mr Bullock's book is an achievement of the greatest value.

He tells, it is true, little that has not already appeared in one form or another, either in the reports of the Nuremberg trials, or in the spate of diaries, memoirs, and histories which have poured forth from post-war Germany. But who has time or patience to read all these? Life is too short, and now Mr Bullock has done it for us.

He has produced an orderly and coherent narrative from a chaos of chaotic and conflicting sources. His book is a triumph of energy and common sense.

CLOUDS GO

It cannot, of course, be the last word upon Hitler, for it is inconceivable that at this early stage all the evidence on Hitler's life has been seen the light of day. But Mr Bullock's work is the solid and indispensable foundation upon which any later biographer will have to build.

As Mr Bullock slowly dispenses the great clouds of legend and nonsense still clustering around Hitler's head, what picture emerges of the politics and character of the Nazi regime? Certain widely held fallacies should vanish for ever.

Hitler was not, as so many maintained during the war, the embodiment of Prussian militarism. The Nazi movement began in the South under the tolerant auspices of the Bavarian Government, whose chief of police, when asked on one occasion whether he knew that political murder gangs existed in Bavaria, replied briefly: "Yes, but not enough of them."

The notion, prevalent for some reason in England, that the

*HITLER, A STUDY IN TYRANNY, by Alan Bullock (Odhams, 25s.).

South Germans, in contrast to the harsh Prussians of the North, are genial, kindly and politically harmless, is a myth.

Moreover, Hitler was not, as Left Wing writers loved to assert, the tool of any class or group in Germany. He was essentially a political and revolutionary figure who based his power on popular mass support.

He took orders neither from the magnates of the Ruhr, the Krupps and the Thyssens, nor from the Junkers aristocracy. He gave orders, and his orders were obeyed with obsequious servility. He was the most absolute dictator that ever ruled a great nation.

Nor, as Mr Bullock shows, was this tyranny compensated by the saving grace of being efficient. Hitler was not interested in efficiency. Under his rule, Germany was a jungle of competing and conflicting agencies.

DARK IMPULSE

Hitler's straits, Goering, Goebbels, Himmler, Bormann, fought each other in an incessant struggle to enlarge their own personal empires. On the principle of divide and rule, Hitler positively preferred this chaotic situation, although it was, of course, disastrous in war time.

What was Hitler's real objective? What ideas lay behind his extraordinary successes, his monstrous crimes, his megalomaniac gesticulations? Mr Bullock answers these questions in a chapter entitled "The Dictator."

His conclusion is that Hitler's ideas boil down to "a simple claim for power which recognises only one relationship, that of domination, and only one argument, that of force."

But would even the Germans have given such fanatical loyalty to someone who had no purpose beyond the bare assertion of naked power? It seems to me that, in his proper contempt for Hitler's ideas, Mr Bullock underestimates their importance.

Admittedly Hitler's ideas were detestable, but they were coherent, they were practicable, and let it never be forgotten—they appealed to some of the darkest, the oldest, and the strongest impulses in the German people.

'OUR INDIA'

Hitler's objective was not power in general, but power in a particular direction—the East. "Russia must be our India," Hitler would monotonously declare.

What the New Order really meant was the conquest and colonisation of vast areas in European Russia, and the creation of a German ruling aristocracy, living like feudal lords amidst a population deprived of all education, except the minimum needed "to understand our highway code, so that they don't throw themselves under our motorcars," to quote Hitler in one of his more genial moods.

It used to be said that Hitler's fatal "mistake" was to invade Russia. Such a view entirely misconceives the nature of Hitler's war. The object of that war had always been Russia.

To talk as if the Russian offensive was a mere tactical mistake is absurd. It is equivalent to saying that the whole war was just an error of judgment on the part of Hitler; whereas, in fact, it was the sole purpose of his entire policy from the first moment that he achieved power.

ARE WE SURE?

And in this, as in nearly all his most outrageous actions, Hitler had the support of the great majority of the German people—a support which was only shaken when defeat had become inescapable.

Today Germans do not talk much about Hitler. If they do, it is in terms of grave condemnation.

We would most of us be happier if we could be quite sure that the Germans of 1952 condemn Hitler for his crimes—and not merely for his failure to get away with them.

Robert Blake

With the Norman Phillips Trophy which they won in yesterday's 10-Mile Road Race, the 25 Field Regt. Royal Artillery, team—Arthur Cope, Neville Lee, Albert Nichols and John Davis.—China Mail Photo.

Today's Chances At The Valley

By "RAPIER"

Today, the second day of the Fourth Race Meeting of the new season under the auspices of the Hongkong Jockey Club should attract another big crowd of racegoers to the Valley.

There are 10 events on the programme, the most important of which is the Baldoyle Handicap for Class 1 ponies over six furlongs.

The First Saddle Bell will be rung at 11.30 a.m. with the first race starting at noon. The time interval will follow after the running of the fourth race, and the first bell after 11.30 will be rung at 2.30 p.m. Here are my estimates of the chances.

FIRST RACE

Downpatrick Handicap: From 114-Mile Post.

The programme opens with a sprint event for Class 4 ponies in this race, Ping On (Mr. K. Kwok) will have an opportunity to score another win after its performance in the Waterfall Bay Handicap at the last meeting over this distance for Class 5 ponies.

There is Highlight (Mr. T. L. Wong) to be considered and, if given a runaway start, this pony will give Ping On a good run for the first position. Woodong (Mr. F. Noddy) and Mustang (Mr. Chun Kit) should fight out third place.

SECOND RACE

Laytown Handicap (First Section): Six Furlongs.

This is another sprint event in which Beat That (Mr. Ostroumoff) should be prominent at the finish. In view of the opposition it should not be fully expected, except perhaps by Fleeting Moment (Mr. Robert Tsai).

Pegasus (Mr. C. L. Liu) should be placed and Glimour Butterfly (Mr. K. Kwok) may be worth following as an outsider.

THIRD RACE

Mullingar Handicap: One Mile.

This race is for Class 10 ponies and it seems that Jericho (Mr. K. Kwok), which came in third in the Middle Spur Handicap at the last meeting, has the best recommendation for a win here.

Liberty Diamond (Mr. P. K. Liang) has improved a great deal in morning gallops and will probably have a say at the finish if it does not actually win. Magic Bow (Mr. Robert Tsai) and Silver Fox (Mr. C. L. Liu) should also receive some consideration, especially the latter which is in fine condition at the moment.

FOURTH RACE

Mallow Handicap: Six Furlongs.

In this race for Class 10 ponies, it will be a difficult problem to spot the winner. In view of its previous win in the Hatton Handicap (Second Section) over this distance at the 2nd Race Meeting, Ringmer (Mr. Ostroumoff) will no doubt command the most support.

With other capable sprinters among the entries, such as Abel Hamid (Mr. Chuang), Colin (Mr. H. H. Chan), and Shangrila (Mr. Oliveira), the race should be fast.

The finish should be fought out between these four.

FIFTH RACE

Baldoye Handicap: Six Furlongs.

This is the main event of the day, but it will be robbed of a good deal of interest due to the McCurt Handicap winner, Fire-go, not starting. Skymaster (Mr. Rentrow), which was third in the above race, appeals to me most and I think it will win.

Straight Forward (Mr. Chuang) should come second with Crackerjack (Mr. Robert Tsai) and Nersenan (Mr. Ostroumoff) fighting out the third position.

SIXTH RACE

Corragh Handicap: One Mile.

This race is confined to Class 3 ponies and, judging from past performances, Kentucky Lad (Mr. Chun Kit) will probably do better over this distance and may even win.

Real opposition should come from Tonyboy (Mr. Chuang). After its disappointing run the last time out, Straight Flush (Mr. Ostroumoff) may not be well supported, but it should not be neglected as this pony runs quite well at morning gallops.

L'Arc Triomphe (Mr. C. L. Liu) may prove dangerous. Although it has not been in the spotlight for quite a while, I believe it is about due for a win.

SEVENTH RACE

Laytown Handicap (Second Section): Six Furlongs.

Second Section Class 6 ponies will try conclusions here. The two best ponies in this race are undoubtedly New Zealand (Mr. Robert Tsai) and Rowanlea (Mr. Boycott).

New Zealand was officially fourth in the Broadwood Handicap over the Champion distance on the second day of the 2nd Race Meeting and, judging by that performance, it has a good chance of scoring a win here.

Rowanlea has shown improvement during morning gallops and, therefore, is seriously considered.

Desire (Mr. Samarc) and Na Regrets (Mr. Chuang), are also good enough to extend the first two names.

EIGHTH RACE

Thurles Handicap: One Mile.

Class 8 ponies will contest this event. For its win in the Parkers Handicap over the mile at the 2nd Race Meeting, The Tigress (Mr. Samarc) has been penalised by 10 lbs. i.e. to 152 lbs. Good as it is compared to the opposition, I am not inclined to suggest it as the likely winner.

The race should be fought out between Stridgiff (Mr. Ostroumoff) and Wined (Mr. C. L. Liu), but with 142 lbs. to carry Penforce (Mr. Oliveira), should not be overlooked.

NINTH RACE

Thurles Handicap: From 114-Mile Post.

Looking over the entries for this sprint event, Bright Bay (Mr. Robert Tsai), which was second in the Stone Hill Handicap (Second Section) at the last meeting with Mr. Shih up, seems to be the best bet for a win.

The danger, of course, is Boom Town (Mr. C. F. Ng) which is speedy over sprint events.

Then there is Dashing Beauty II (Mr. C. L. Liu) which has been running well during morning gallops. This combination should not be ignored.

Concord (Mr. Auchin) is another good pony to bear in mind.

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HOME SOCCER REVIEW

Wolves Score Convincing Victory Over Manchester City

BY OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, Nov. 8.

The smash hit of today's soccer parade were Wolves, the eager, thrustful young side which, according to the wise boys, had lost their rhythm and would not last the pace. Their 7-3 thrashing of luckless Manchester City—13 games without a win—made manager Cullis a happy man.

Centre-forward Roy Swinbourne came through with a 20-minute first half "hat-trick". The man of the day was Jack Connor, Stockport centre-forward, with a five-goal show against Workington that made scoring look the most natural thing on earth.

Unluckiest man of the day was Cardiff wing-half Glynn Williams, who was carried off after 10 minutes at Stamford Bridge with a broken leg.

While the trainer was attending to him, manager Cyril Spiers "took the sponge" to minister to goalkeeper Howells, a minor casualty later on. Despite these misfortunes, Cardiff beat Chelsea 3-0.

Irish International Norman Uphrighd, transferred from Swindon yesterday, won't forget his Portsmouth debut. He had the misfortune to put the ball in his own goal, but Portsmouth beat Spurs 2-1.

Keeping Sheffield United interested in the Second Division race was veteran inside forward Jimmy Hogan, whose "hat-trick" helped them to a 5-3 victory over Southampton.

United, with 23 points from 17 games, are doing nicely thank you, but not making much impression on Huddersfield, whose 1-0 win over Notts County was their tenth in 10 games.

BIGGEST DEFEAT

Another "hat-trickster" was Reading's go ahead young centre-forward Ron Blackman. His three helped Millwall to their biggest defeat of the season.

That Cup final miniature at Bloomfield Road between Blackpool and Newcastle United, finalists two years ago, again resulted in a Newcastle victory. Goals by George Robledo and new boy Brander sent Blackpool to their second successive home defeat.

A fine 3-1 away win over Partick enabled East Fife to retain their lead in the Scottish "A" Division. The man of the match was cannon-ball Charlie Fleming, East Fife's inside-right, who scored two and had a hand in the third scored by Gordon. Still, hot on the trail came Celtic, who triumphed by the odd goal in nine against Third Lanark.

The defeat of Hamilton means a change of leadership in Division "B". Stirling Albion, relegated last season, go on top as a result of that 3-0 win over Cowdenbeath.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

Football League standings after yesterday's matches are:

Division	Goals	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Wolves	10	9	4	3	2	22	12	10
Sunderland	10	9	3	3	3	21	11	9

TIP TOP TUITION



Who better than Joe Davis (left), for 20 years the undefeated World Snooker Champion, to give table-top tuition to Lord Foley, who has entered for the Albany Club Snooker handicap tournament in which prizes total £4,200. The picture was taken at Joe Davis' home in London.—Central Press Photo.

U.S. Football Results

New York, Nov. 8. Notre Dame and Navy, neither of whom figured in pre-game calculations, made the experts look like monkeys and their opponents look like kittens on Saturday as the Irish upset Oklahoma 27-21 and the Midshipmen toppled Duke 10-0.

Recovering five of seven Oklahoma fumbles, Notre Dame, a 12-point underdog, crammed 13 points into the final period to inflict the first defeat of the season upon the astonished Sooners.

Navy, playing its "best game of the season" according to Coach Eddie Erdelatz, capitalized on two touchdowns by big Fred Franco to achieve another startling second half reversal over the Blue Devils.

Georgia Tech, with an invitation to the Sugar Bowl already in its pocket, ripped Army on every flank to win 45-0, registering its eighth straight victory of the season, while Michigan State, the nation's number one team, polished off Indiana as easily as expected 41-14.

Yesterday's results caught the experts looking the other way in a number of contests. Around the country, here are the results:

In the East—Princeton 41, Harvard 21; Holy Cross 13, Colgate 7; Fordham 12, Clemson 12; Temple 14, Boston University 14; Rutgers 21, Lafayette 6; Lehigh 20, Muhlenberg 13; Syracuse 25, Penn State 7; Georgia University 34, University of Pennsylvania 27; Dartmouth 30, Columbia 14.

In the Midwest—Wyoming 20, Kansas State 7; Toledo 20, Bradley 14; Iowa State 35, Drake 7; Wayne 24, Great Lakes 10; Western Reserve 10, Western Michigan 13; Minnesota 14, Purdue 14; Pittsburgh 21, Ohio State 14; Michigan 40, Cornell 7; Wisconsin 24, North-western 20; Illinois 33, Iowa University 12; Nebraska 14, Kansas University 13; Missouri 27, Colorado 7; Bowling Green 50, Youngstown 0.

In the South—Virginia 34, North Carolina 14; South Carolina 25, The Citadel 0; Kentucky 27, Tulane 6; Tennessee 22, Louisiana State 3; Alabama 43, Chattanooga 28; North Carolina State 24, Washington and Lee 14; West Virginia 34, VMI 21; Mississippi State 49, Auburn 34; Davidson 38, Richmond 10.

Southwest—Rice 35, Arkansas 33; Texas Christian 27, Wake Forest 9; Southern Methodist 21, Texas A and M 15; Texas University 33, Baylor 33; North Texas State 34, Texas Tech 19; Trinity, Texas 40, Sul Ross 27.

West—Washington 22, California 7; Washington State 19, Oregon University 6; Utah 14, Colorado A and M 0; New Mexico 14, Denver 0; San Diego Marines 21, Ferris State 12; Colorado Mines 34, Adams (Colorado State) 20; Idaho 27, Montana 0; San Jose State 44, Brigham Young 27; Southern California 54, Stanford 7; UCLA 57, Oregon State 0.—United Press.

MINOR UNITS SOCCER

The following are the results of soccer matches played in the Army Minor Units League—Zone 1, up to and including November 6:

20 FDS R.A.M.C. 2, 27 Lt Bty R.A. 1; H.Q.R.A. 40, Inf Div 1; 11 Inf Wksp R.E.M.E. 0; Mov Lt Tp W.A. 2, 27 Lt Bty R.A. 1; 11 Inf Wksp R.E.M.E. 0; H.Q. 35, Inf Div 1; H.Q. 37, Inf Div 2; H.Q. 37, Inf Div 1; 11 Inf Wksp R.E.M.E. 0; 20 F.D.S. R.A.M.C. 1, H.Q. 35, Inf Div 1.

League Standings
League table up to and including November 6:

	P	W	L	D	F	A	Pts
H.Q.R.A. 40	4	2	2	0	4	2	4
Inf Div 1	4	2	2	0	4	2	4
H.Q. 35	3	1	1	1	1	3	3
20 FDS	3	1	1	1	1	3	3
R.A.M.C. 2	2	1	0	1	0	4	2
27 Lt Bty R.A.	2	1	0	1	0	4	2
11 Inf Wksp	2	1	0	1	0	4	2
R.E.M.E. 0	2	1	0	1	0	4	2
H.Q. 37	2	1	0	1	0	4	2
Mov Lt Tp	2	1	0	1	0	4	2
R.A. 1	2	1	0	1	0	4	2

Schools' Soccer Results

The following are the results of matches played in the School Football League yesterday:

Junior—King's 4, E.K.A.M. 0; Clement 0, Aberdeen 0; E.K.P.M. 0; St. Louis 2; Queen's 4, Wah Yan (Hongkong) 0; Wah Yan (Kowloon) 1; Salsidan 0; Ying Wah 2; Henley 0.

Senior—King's 0, St. Joseph's 0; E.K.P.M. 2, Chatham English 1; Wah Yan (Hongkong) 2, Queen's 1; Wah Yan (Kowloon) 5, New Method 0.

On Saturday, St. Joseph's defeated Junior Tech, by 7-1.

NOTICE

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the 6th Race Meeting 1952/53 to be held on Saturday 6th and Sunday 13th December, 1952. (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Alexandra House; the Club House, Happy Valley; and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday, 13th November, 1952.

By Order,
H. MISA,
Secretary.

KCC TENNIS

K. Lo and T. Lo defeated L. Tugwell and A. Murphy 6-3, 6-0 in the final of the Men's Doubles in the Kowloon Cricket Club Tennis Tournament at Cox's Road yesterday.

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THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

FOURTH RACE MEETING 1952/53

Saturday, 8th and Monday, 10th November, 1952

(Held under the Rules of The Hong Kong Jockey Club)

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2 p.m. on the 1st Day.

On the 2nd Day the First Bell will be rung at 11.30 a.m. and the First Race will be run at 12 noon. The time interval is after the Fourth Race (1.30 p.m.) on the 2nd Day.

There are 8 races on the 1st Day and 10 races on the 2nd Day (18 in all).

Through tickets (18 races—\$36.00) as well as tickets for the Cash Sweep on the last race of the Meeting may be obtained at the Cash Sweep Office of the Club at Queen's Building, Ground Floor, Chater Road.

Through Tickets reserved for this meeting but not paid for by 10 a.m. on Friday, 7th November, will be sold and the reservation cancelled for future meetings.

To avoid congestion at the Cash Sweep Office at Queen's Building, non-members are requested to purchase their sweep tickets at the Club's Branch Offices at—

5 D'Agular Street, Hong Kong

382 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

TOTALISATOR

The attention of Totalisator Investors is drawn to the following rules—

Dividends will be paid on the winning and placed ponies so declared by the Stewards when the "All Clear" is given. The "All Clear" signal will be indicated by a white light at the Totalisator Tower. BACKERS ARE ADVISED NOT TO DESTROY OR THROW AWAY THEIR TICKETS UNTIL AFTER THE "ALL CLEAR" SIGNAL HAS BEEN EXHIBITED.

Totalisator Tickets should be examined and checked before leaving the Selling Counters as mistakes of any description cannot be rectified later.

Cash received in respect of Dividends should be checked before leaving the Pay-Out Counters as no claim for short payment of the value of tickets presented can be entertained once Investors have left the Counters.

All winning tickets and tickets for refunds must be presented for payment at the Race Course on the day to which they refer, but none will be paid later than one hour after the time for which the last race of the day has been scheduled to be run.

In no circumstances will any Dividends be paid or refunds made unless a ticket is produced. Payment WILL NOT be made on torn or disfigured tickets.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and the Club Rooms at \$10.00 per day including tax for ladies or gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary's Office, Alexandra House, on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all bills, etc.

Only a limited number of badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will be on sale at the Race Course.

The Branch Offices and the Treasurer's Comptroller Office will close at 11 a.m. on the 1st Day and at 10 a.m. the 2nd Day. The Secretary's Office will close at 11.45 a.m. the 1st Day and at 10 a.m. the 2nd Day. The Treasurer's Comptroller Office is situated at Queen's Building, Ground Floor, Chater Road, and the Secretary's Office at Alexandra House, 8th Floor.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The Price of admission to the Public Enclosure will be \$3.00 per day including tax for all persons including Ladies and will be payable at the Gate.

Any person leaving the Public Enclosure during a Meeting will forfeit his or her right of admission to the Enclosure and will be required to pay the requisite fee of \$3.00 in order to gain re-admission.

No re-admission tickets will be issued.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN, ETC. WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

Owing to the congestion in the Members' Betting Hall and at Booths adjacent to Boxes in the Coffee Room, Box-holders and Members are requested to ensure that their servants make use only of the Public Betting Hall. Military Police will be posted at various points in the enclosure to ensure that this regulation is adhered to.

By Order,
H. MISA,
Secretary.



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SAILINGS TO		
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	5 p.m. 11th Nov.
"FENGNING"	Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	8 a.m. 12th Nov.
"FENGTIEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	8 a.m. 13th Nov.
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 13th Nov.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	3 p.m. 15th Nov.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 17th Nov.
"FOYANG"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 18th Nov.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	10 a.m. 22nd Nov.
"PAKHOT"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 23rd Nov.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"FENGTIEN"	Indonesia & Bintan	11th Nov.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 13th Nov.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	13th Nov.
"FOYANG"	Singapore	14/15th Nov.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	Noon 12th Nov.
"CHANGHUA"	Kure, Kobe, Yokohama, Nagoya & Yokohama	Noon 12th Nov.
"ANKING"	Japan	3rd Dec.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"CHANGHUA"	Australia & Manila	In Port
"TAIYUAN"	Yokohama	In Port
"ANKING"	Australia & Tsurukan	29th Nov.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.		
"AUTOLYCUS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	24th Nov.
"ANTHOCLOS"	Liverpool & Dublin	25th Nov.
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Dec.
"ASTYANAX"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	24th Dec.
"CLYTONEUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	25th Dec.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe		
G. "PATROCLUS"	Liverpool	17th Nov.
S. "ANCHISES"	Sailed	17th Nov.
G. "CLYTONEUS"	do	23rd Nov.
S. "ASTYANAX"	do	1st Dec.
G. "PERSEUS"	12th Nov.	10th Nov.
S. "AENEAS"	18th Nov.	18th Dec.
G. "ASCANTUS"	25th Nov.	24th Dec.
S. "AGAPENON"	5th Dec.	31st Dec.

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S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool.
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"DONA AURORA"	20th Nov.
"DONA ALICIA"	6th Dec.
"BATAAN"	21st Dec.

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HK/Hanoi (DC-3)	8.45 a.m. Tues, Thurs.	4.45 p.m. Tues, Thurs.
HK/Hongkong (DC-3)	8.45 a.m. Thurs.	4.45 p.m. Thurs.
HK/Singapore/Batavia (DC-4)	10.45 a.m. Tues.	6.45 p.m. Wed.
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	7.15 a.m. Tues, Fri.	4.45 p.m. Wed, Sat.

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.

For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to



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FROM	DUE
"BENMACDHUI"	Japan 12th Nov.
"BENVORLICH"	U.K. via Singapore 12th Nov.
"BENWYVIS"	U.K. via Singapore on or abt. 23rd Nov.
"BENLAVERS"	Japan 24th Nov.
"BENAVON"	U.K. 6th Dec.
"BENREOCH"	U.K. 14th Dec.
"BENVORLICH"	Japan 15th Dec.

SAILINGS

	Loading on or abt.
"BENMACDHUI"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg. 12th Nov.
"BENVORLICH"	Kure, Kobe and Yokohama. 16th Nov.
"BENLAVERS"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Rotterdam and Hamburg. 24th Nov.
"BENWYVIS"	Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, Havre, London and Hull. 25th Nov.
"BENAVON"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hull. 9th Dec.
"BENVORLICH"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Glasgow, Rotterdam and Hamburg. 16th Dec.
"BENREOCH"	Kure, Kobe and Yokohama. 20th Dec.

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ments as usual.

NOTICE

THE HONGKONG

ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Notice to Consumers

Reduction in Surcharge

THE ASIATIC PETRO-LEUM CO., (S.C.) LTD. have reduced oil fuel prices by \$20 per long ton from 7th November, 1952. This reduction will be passed on to consumers in full from the same date. All accounts rendered for meters read on and after 7th November, 1952 will carry a surcharge of 17% in place of the previous 22%.

for The Hongkong Electric Company, Limited,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & COMPANY, LIMITED,
Agents.

Hongkong 7th Nov., 1952.

NOTICE

CHINA LIGHT & POWER

COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice to Consumers

The Asiatic Petroleum Co. (South China) Ltd. have advised us of a reduction in the price of Fuel Oil.

It is therefore the intention of this Company to pass on the full benefit of this reduction to its consumers.

All accounts rendered for meters read on and after 15th November, 1952 will carry a surcharge of 17% in the place of the former 22%.

The effect of this reduction in Fuel Cost to Bulk Consumers will be notified direct.

By Order of the Board
of Directors,

P. W. WOOD,
Secretary & Chief Accountant

Hongkong, 8th Nov., 1952.

Mars Close-Up To Go On Television?

London, Nov. 9.
Mr Henry Wildoy, a 39-year-old builder, is busy today planning new star-gazing adventures for TV viewers.

A member of the team which brought the moon to television screens this month, he is determined to follow up with close-ups of Mars and other planets.

Mr Wildoy, who lives in Savernake Road, Hampstead, said: "I want to start with Saturn, then Jupiter."

"If these are successful, I shall try to bring Mars to the screen—probably in the Spring, when conditions are more favourable."

Mr Wildoy plans to use his own telescope—believed to be the largest amateur telescope in the country. It weighs two tons complete; and the mirror, which has a diameter of 20½ in. and is 3½ in. thick, weighs 25½ lb. Said Mr Wildoy: "The telescope was given to me by Dr W. H. Stevenson, a well-known astronomer."

SAWN IN HALF
"It had to be sawn in half before I could get it through my front door. Then I had it re-erected in my garden."

Mr Wildoy has been star-gazing for 27 years. He was 12 when one of his schoolmasters helped him to make his first telescope.

Now Mr Wildoy is a Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society. And, as secretary of the Hampstead Scientific Society, he is in charge of their two-ton telescope.

GRINDING MIRRORS
He spends most of his spare time grinding mirrors for Britain's growing army of amateur astronomers.

He said: "Membership of the British Astronomical Association has doubled since the war, and is now more than 2,000."

"I believe this is due mainly to Civil Defence and fire-watching, which has made many people conscious of the stars for the first time."—London Express Service.

KATYN MASSACRE HEARINGS

Washington, Nov. 9.
A Supreme Court Justice and three former American ambassadors head a list of witnesses called to testify next week before a committee of the House of Representatives investigating the Katyn Forest massacre of 15,000 Poles in 1941.

In a report to the House, the Committee has blamed the massacre on the Russians. Moscow blames the Nazis.

The committee will be in public hearings on Tuesday to try to find out whether Washington officials suppressed news of the massacre at a time when the United States and the Soviet Union were wartime allies.

The committee has called 27 witnesses for hearings expected to last until next Friday.

They include Justice Robert Jackson, Admiral William Standley and Mr Averell Harriman, both former United States ambassadors to Moscow, and Mr Arthur Bliss Lane, former ambassador to Poland.—Reuter.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agent.

Hongkong, 7th November, 1952.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees per

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

"M.S. 'AKAGI MARU'"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors. Messrs Godard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 11th November, 1952.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriters on or before the 18th November, 1952, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agent.

Hongkong, 7th November, 1952.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

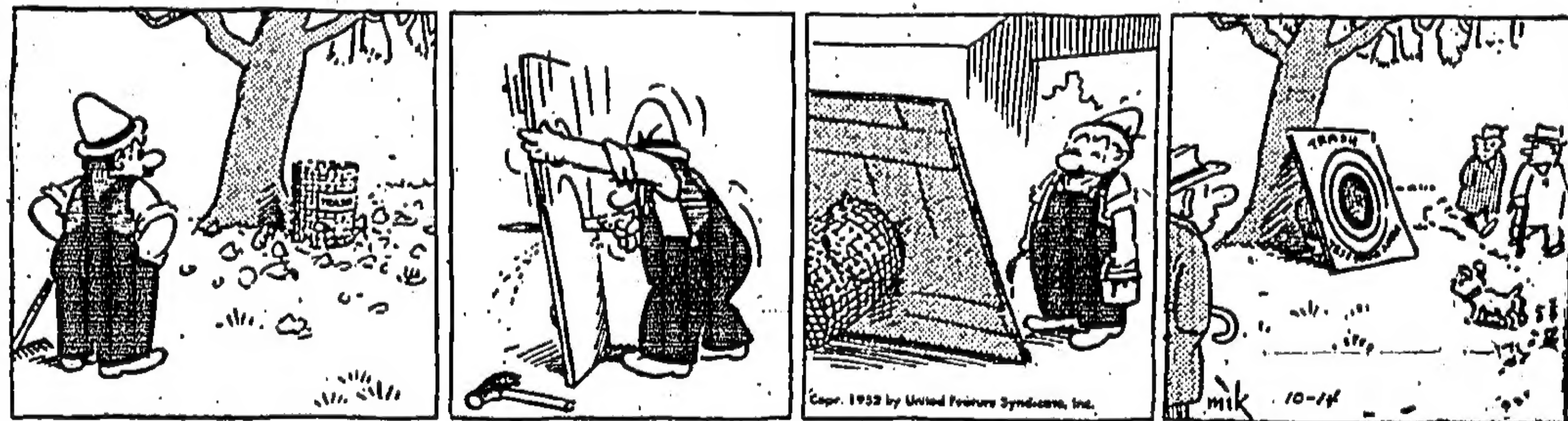
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

Hits The Spot

By Milk



NANCY

Down In Black And Blue!

By E.rie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



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"CORFU"	10th October	17th November
"CHUSAN"	31st October	28th November
"CANTON"	13th November	10th December

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	21st November	22nd December
"CHUSAN"	2nd December	31st December
"CANTON"	10th December	19th Jan. 1953

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FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	From U.K.	For
"SOMALI"	10th November	Japan
"SUNDA"	7th December	Japan

Homewards	Loading	For
"SINGAPORE"	14th November sails 10th Nov.	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Casablanca, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

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"SANTHA"	due 10th Nov. sails 20th Nov.	from Japan for Singapore, Penang, Hongkong & Calcutta
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"SANGOLA"	due 20th Nov. sails 29th Nov.	from Calcutta, Rangoon, Penang & Singapore for Japan
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"WARLA"	due 8th Dec. sails 10th Dec.	from Japan for Singapore & Chittagong
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P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"ORDIA"	due 13th Nov. sails 14th Nov.	from Japan for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & P. Gulf
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"OLINDA"	due 21st Nov. sails 23rd Nov.	from Japan for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & P. Gulf
----------	----------------------------------	---

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NELLORE"	due 19th Nov. sails 20th Nov.	from Manila for Japan
-----------	----------------------------------	--------------------------

"NANKIN"	due 25th Dec. sails 26th Dec.	from Japan for Shanghai, Hankow, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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Rice Talks Opening In S'pore

Singapore, Nov. 9.

Rice experts from 20 countries and two United Nations bodies are meeting here tomorrow to estimate next year's gross demands and supplies at the fifth meeting of the International Consultative Committee on rice.

The two-day session will be inaugurated by Mr Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner-General for Southeast Asia, and will meet under the chairmanship of Dr W. L. Clyde, Rice Adviser to the British Foreign Office.

Only Burma is not attending among 27 governments invited. Egypt will be represented for the first time by an official of the Egyptian Embassy in New Delhi.

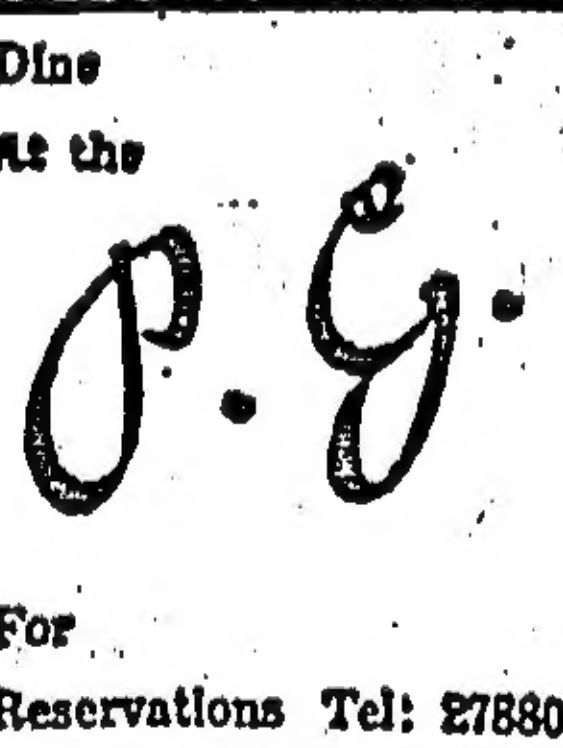
Conference circles said today it was hoped to strike a reasonable balance between demands and surpluses.

India will be represented at the meeting by Gopala Krishnan, Joint Secretary of the Ministry of Food, who arrived here by Comet yesterday.

Mr Gopala Krishnan said the rice position in India continues to be extremely difficult.

However, there has been a general improvement in the national food situation due to a buffer stock of American wheat and more favourable weather conditions recently.

The official estimated that the country would need a million tons in 1953 of foreign rice to supplement home production of 12 to 14 million tons. He said India during this year was unable to get more than 50 per cent of rice indicated from abroad.—Reuter.



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"LA MARSEILLAISE" Dec. 4	Dec. 5	Yokohama & Kobe
Homeward For		
"FALAISE" Nov. 11	Nov. 11	N. Africa & Europe
"ST-MARCOUF" Nov. 17	Nov. 17	N. Africa & Europe
"FEI HO" Dec. 5	Dec. 5	N. Africa & Europe
"LA MARSEILLAISE" Dec. 15	Dec. 16	Marseilles via Manila
For passenger and freight		
For freight to Saigon, Marseilles, Algiers, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp & Rotterdam.		
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-via Marseilles to all Mediterranean & West Africa Ports.		
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"NOREVERETT"

Arrives Nov. 23 from Singapore.
Sails Nov. 24 for Kobe & Yokohama.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

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Loading Nov. 10
Sails Nov. 12 for Bangkok, Colombo, Cebu, Kharranshahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

M.S. "NORDSTJERNAN"

Arrives Nov. 19 from Japan.
Sails Nov. 20 for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Madras, Ceylon, Bombay, Karachi, Kharranshahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

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Speculation In US Over Changes In Trade Policy

Washington, Nov. 9. Post-election inquiries in official circles and private farm organizations indicated the general expectation that the U.S. wool tariffs will not be modified in the closing weeks of the Truman Administration.

It is impossible to make a categorical report because Government investigations and reports in this field are conducted confidentially and the best-informed sources are not allowed to comment to the Press even on the current status.

The existing international reciprocity agreements affecting wool would prevent any hasty action.

It is believed that Mr. Eisenhower is inclined toward international trade and he is expected to favour extension of the Reciprocity Act which will expire in June unless renewed.

Senator Robert Taft is understood to oppose the general revision of the Tariff Act (not the Reciprocity Act) and, without such general revision, it is very doubtful whether the wool tariff schedules in their entirety could be modified by the Congress.

The Republican Party history has been one of "high protection" for wool, and continued agitation among sheep growers for higher tariffs is probable especially since domestic wool faces rapidly increasing competition from the new synthetic wool products.

There are two investigations pending which, when completed, might affect the international wool trade—the question of applying countervailing duties above the regular tariff against semi-processed wool, particularly

ly tops, from countries whose foreign exchange operations are alleged to have caused inequitable competition here, and one undertaken by the U.S. Tariff Commission at President Truman's request into raw wool tariffs as well as wool tops.

The legal question involved is the determination whether dutiable wool and wool tops are being supported, on conditions that render ineffective the wool price support programme of the Department of Agriculture.

The Tariff Commission held public hearings on this question at the end of September at which the Agriculture Department favoured a special tariff on wool imports which endangered the domestic wool (growers) industry. This investigation caused concern in all wool-growing countries as the volume and price of U.S. wool imports during 1952 have been far below the peaks of the year when the Korean war stimulated the markets.

Observers believe that it is very improbable that President Truman would take any action in the closing days of his term that would arouse international bitterness.—United Press.

IMPORTANT WEEK FOR UK

Denationalisation Plans For Key Industries

Markets Keeping Anxious Eye On New U.S. Administration

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Nov. 9.

The past week has been full—some may think over-full—of important events. In Parliament, the Government has outlined its programme of legislation for the coming session.

The iron and steel industry and the transport industry are to be "reorganised" and the texts of the bills to give effect to these measures have now been published.

It has always been known, of course, that the Government intended to denationalise these two key industries, and its proposals in this respect had already been announced.

Transport has presented the greatest difficulties and the Government's original proposals for this industry, contained first in a White Paper and later in the first draft of the Denationalisation Bill, were widely criticised.

However, the bill as now published shows that this criticism has had its effect.

Purpose of the bill, which is based on road haulage after the return of the industry to private hands, has been amended. The Government proposes now to place the railways on a more competitive footing by allowing them to vary their charges for carriage of goods so as to prevent a loss of business to road transport.

This, it is hoped, will do away with the need for road hauliers to subsidise the railways but the levy on road transport, which is designed to produce £4 million a year, will still be used to offset any loss of capital on the resale of road haulage undertakings.

The Steel Bill has had a better reception, perhaps because the Government's plans for this industry are generally regarded as being more in accord with national needs.

SOME SUPERVISION

All the undertakings of the nationalised industries are to be taken out of the hands of the Iron and Steel Corporation and returned to private ownership. But the industry will still be subject to a certain amount of overall supervision by a Government-appointed board. This board will be charged with the duty of supervising the industry with a view to promoting the efficient, economic and adequate supply of iron and steel under competitive conditions.

Apart from announcing the intention to press on with these two measures, the Queen's Speech confirmed the Government's resolution to proceed with the task of "placing the national economy on a sound foundation."

It would not hesitate to take any further steps necessary to hold and improve the more favourable position now reached in our overseas payments. Greater productive efficiency would be encouraged, measures to curb inflation and reduce the heavy load of Government expenditure would be "perpetrated" and a "steadily increasing number" of houses would be built.

PARAMOUNT QUESTION

Although the Government has been criticised for dropping its promised legislation to strengthen the Monopolies Commission, even remains to exercise the power of the Commission to order the merger of home and abroad—as to the possible course of economic events in Britain during the next few critical months.

Important as they are, however, the proposed measures regarding transport and the iron and steel industry, and the Government's assurances on such vital matters as production and public expenditure have tended to be overshadowed by even more important news from across the Atlantic.

Famous question of the moment is where does the election of Mr. Eisenhower as President of the United States leave Britain?

Mr. Eisenhower's victory has been welcomed in this country, but the reception given to the news that the Republican Party will form the next American administration has been rather less warm.

ROOM FOR DOUBT

Mr. Eisenhower is known to be a good friend of Western Europe and one who appreciates, perhaps better than anyone else in American public life, that the military and economic security of the United States depends upon its willingness and ability to co-ordinate its policies with those of its partners in the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

What is not known, however, is how the President-elect may have to modify some of his ideas in the light of the less enlightened members of the party which will soon take over the responsibility for United States policy.

The feeling in Britain at the moment is that in any serious clash of views between the new President and the more reactionary elements in the Republican Party, Mr. Eisenhower will come out on top.

Aluminium Output Expansion

Canadian Plans

Montreal, Nov. 9.

Canada's production of aluminium in the next two years will be increased nearly one-third and is expected ultimately to approach figures that will be more than one-half of the present world output.

This swift rise comes through huge development operations of the Aluminum Company of Canada, subsidiary of Canada's Aluminum Limited, only producer of aluminium in this country.

The expansion is in two provinces, Quebec and British Columbia. At present Canada's entire production is centred in Quebec. The company's biggest production unit is at Arvida, in the Saguenay district.

Arvida, in a quarter of a century, has become the aluminium capital of the world because of the fast-flowing rivers that provide electric power, vital to aluminium production.

It is in this area that further production is already under way, through power projects at Chute du Diable and Chute a la Savanne, each of 270,000 horsepower, on the Peribonka River.

The newest expansion is in Central British Columbia, where the first stages of construction are proceeding on what may become a \$600,000,000 project. There the gigantic task has been started of building a 550-foot-high dam to reverse the normal eastern flow of water, pouring it through a 10-mile tunnel through solid rock of the Coast range. From there the water will plunge on, still controlled, to the power site at Remmoo, 125 miles west of the dam.

LARGEST SMELTER

The electricity generated—eventually 1,600,000 firm horsepower—will be carried by transmission lines 50 miles to Kitimat, site of what is expected to be the world's largest aluminium smelter.

The huge smelter, to begin producing in 1954, will have an initial annual output of 90,000 short tons. When other phases of the planned development are completed, ultimate production of 550,000 tons a year is expected.

Canada now supplies about 25 per cent of world aluminium output, the United States 50 per cent and all other countries 25 per cent. World production in 1951 was 1,950,000 tons. Canada's production was about 445,000 tons, of which roughly 350,000 tons came from the big Arvida smelter.

With ALCAN's power development at Chute du Diable, 50,000 tons will be added this year; through the development at Chute a la Savanne another 50,000 tons will be added in 1953.

Then, in mid-1954, will begin the Kitimat production at the rate of 90,000 tons a year. The date for the ultimate increase to 550,000 tons a year at Kitimat cannot yet be forecast since it will depend on world demand but when that figure is reached Canada's total production will be running more than 1,100,000 tons.

MOSTLY EXPORTED

Bauxite, ore, from which aluminium is made, now comes from Canada from the British Columbia mines of Aluminum Limited, parent company of Aluminum Company of Canada. With increased production of aluminium, extra bauxite will be brought in from Jamaica and from French Guinea in Africa.

Three-fourths of the aluminium produced by Aluminum Co. of Canada is sent to foreign countries. Last year the United Kingdom took 48 per cent and the U.S. 23 per cent.—Associated Press.

New American Copper Mine

Tucson, Nov. 9.

The biggest underground copper mine in the U.S. is being sunk into the desert slopes overlooking San Pedro Valley, 30 miles northeast of here.

Only Anaconda's underground workings at Chihuahua, Chile, will be greater anywhere in the world.

The Reconstruction Finance Corporation has granted the San Manuel Copper Corporation the biggest business loan the Government agency has ever made—\$24,000,000.

The money, along with private capital raising the total to \$114,000,000, will be used to build an estimated 500,000-ton ore value of \$2,000,000 to the surface.

The ore is expected to raise the nation's defence-needed copper output by eight per cent and increase production of molybdenum by 10 per cent.—Associated Press.

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

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"JIBADANE" Nov. 10	Manila, Hongkong, Singapore, Djakarta, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"JIPONDOK" Nov. 11	Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIPANAS" Nov. 15	Japan
"STRAAT MALAKKA" Nov. 15	Manila, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"JILUWAI" Nov. 16	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TEGELBERG" Nov. 20	Japan, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"VAN HEUTZ" Nov. 23	Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIWANGI" Dec. 2	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TASMAN" Dec. 8	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIPANAS" Dec. 9	Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"TEGELBERG" Dec. 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"STRAAT MALAKKA" Dec. 12	Manila, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"JILUWAI" Dec. 13	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"RUYS" Dec. 20	Japan, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIPANAS" Dec. 23	Japan
"BOISSEVAIN" Dec. 28	Japan
"TASMAN" Dec. 29	Japan
"JIPONDOK" Dec. 31	Japan
"JIWANGI" Jan. 7	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIBODAS" Jan. 7	Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"RUYS" Jan. 9	Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America
"VAN HEUTZ" Jan. 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JILUWAI" Jan. 16	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIBODAS" Jan. 16	Japan
"JIWANGI" Jan. 18	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"STRAAT MALAKKA" Feb. 3	Manila, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America
"JIPONDOK" Feb. 9	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"JIPONDOK" Feb. 11	Manila, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America

ARRIVALS

From	Arrival
Japan	In Port
Japan	Nov. 10
Macassar, Surabaya, Semarang, Djakarta & Singapore	Nov. 12
S. Africa, Mauritius, Singapore & Djakarta	Nov. 14
Japan	Nov. 14

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M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Dec. 16

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M.S. "JEPPESEN MAERSK"	Dec. 1
M.S. "OLGA MAERSK"	Dec. 17

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Bank Assets More Whisky In America —But Not Show Gain Before 1955

Washington, Nov. 9. Preston Delano, U.S. Comptroller of the Currency, said that the country's national banks had assets of \$102,000,000,000 on September 5.

This was a gain in national bank assets of \$30,000,000,000 since June 30, and of nearly \$500,000,000 since October 10, 1951. There were 4,927 national banks in the United States and its possessions when the Comptroller called for condition statements on September 5. That compared with 4,532 when the June 30 call was made and 4,647 on October 10, 1951.

Deposits on September 5 were \$92,500,000,000, a decrease of \$500,000,000 since June 30 but \$3,000,000,000 more than in October last year.

Net loans and discounts on September 5 were \$3,782,000,000, an all-time high. That was \$612,000,000 above June 30, and \$2,500,000,000 more than on October 10, 1951.

National bank investment in Government securities stood on September 5 at nearly \$3,000,000,000, an increase of \$289,000,000 since the end of June and \$1,000,000,000 in 11 months.—Associated Press.

Ceylon Dollar Earnings

Colombo, Nov. 9. Ceylon's dollar earnings from exports of rubber to the United States show a drop of nearly half, or \$9,000,000, in the nine months ending September, from the similar period last year.

These figures also show that China, which is Ceylon's best buyer of rubber, had taken 40,478,191 pounds in the nine months of this year.—Associated Press.

Representatives of the Scotch Whisky Association meet the Board of Trade and Food Ministry this month to discuss whisky exports for 1953.

In view of the trade balance and dollar situation there seems little doubt that the Government will be averse from cutting the export allocation, now 11,400,000 proof gallons a year, and only an optimist sees immediate hope of an increase in supplies for the home market, which gets 2,600,000 gallons.

Not till 1955 is the home drinker likely to come into his own. By then, the greatly increased quantity distilled each year since 1948-49 will have matured. This has been around 28 million gallons annually, of which about three million gallons will be lost through evaporation during maturing. This leaves 25 million gallons, against the present 14 million a year. Unless world demand, not yet satisfied, expands much more than expected, there should be a greatly increased allocation at home. Stocks now stand at 145 million gallons, but a large amount is young whisky.

A new bottling bottling at South Queensferry, replacing one burned down three years ago, has been opened. It will bottle faster and more efficiently and will be available for the years of plenty.

Cotton For India

New Delhi, Nov. 9. The Indian Government has announced its decision to permit the export of 150,000 bales of cotton. In addition to the 100,000 bales announced earlier during the period ending June next year.—Associated Press.

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Page 10

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1952.

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200 More Africans Arrested In Kenya

Nairobi, Nov. 9.
More than 200 Africans were arrested today as police and troops prepared for a big combined operation to ferret out members of the Mau Mau terror cult from their hideouts.

Armoured cars stood by at Nyeri, 60 miles north of Nairobi, ready to go into action. Other troops were concentrated at Fort Hall, 20 miles south.

Raiders Gag Maid: Boy Dials 999

London, Nov. 9.
A seven-year-old boy dialled 999 while three masked bandits were ransacking his home after gagging the maid.

But, although the raiders had cut the telephone cord, they were surprised by a man who called at the house with a birthday present.

The men—one carrying an iron bar—went to a house in Amberden-avenue, Finchley N., while the owner, 38-year-old Mr Sydney Greene, a company director, and his wife were out.

When the maid, Miss Anne Eileen Evans, answered the door the men fixed an adhesive bandage to her mouth. They led her with them from room to room while they ransacked the house.

WENT TO CALL-BOX
Upstairs in the nursery seven-year-old Peter Greene heard them. He left his two-year-old brother Richard asleep, crept to the telephone and dialled 999.

At that moment a friend of Mrs Greene called at the house with a birthday present.

One of the raiders, removing his mask, answered the door, and said that everyone was out. The caller, Mr Arthur Oates, of Creighton-avenue, Muswell Hill, was suspicious. He dialled 999 from a call-box near the house.

Within minutes a police car arrived. Mr Greene said: "The raid was well planned, and quite a lot of valuables were taken."

Hen Rides For Miles Under Tram

London, Nov. 9.
Cluck-cluck is not among the noises that a tram makes when it stops. But Driver James Heath heard it at 29 stops in four miles yesterday.

It had nothing to do with the clang-clang of his bell nor, he was sure, could it be any new subsidiary to the grinding-gron of tramcar locomotion.

At last Driver Heath could endure the cluck-cluck no longer.

He dismounted at stop No. 30 on the No. 2 Ealing-Barnet-Buckingham route and looked underneath his tram.

There came a final cluck-cluck, then a desperate fluttering—and out strutted, Hetty, a bedraggled but unharmed Rhode Island hen.

Hetty had travelled for miles unharmed in the tram's wooden grid—and quite dry on a rainy day, thank you.

But last night was spent in a police station dog kennel, waiting for a claimant.

Grenade Injures Policemen

Tunis, Nov. 9.
Three policemen were injured when a grenade was thrown at them last night at Kefroun.

It was learned here today. Elsewhere in Tunisia the situation has been calm during the past 24 hours.—France-Press.

Printed and published by WILLIAM ALICE GUNN for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.

General Erskine Presents Medals



At a ceremony at the Tower of London last week, Lt-Gen Sir George Erskine, KCB, KBE, DSO, General Officer Commanding-in-Chief Eastern Command, presented 27 British Empire Medals on behalf of the Queen. Picture shows General Erskine presenting the BEM to Sgt Margaret Howie of the WRAC School of Instruction.

Rotterdam Harbour Blocked By Wreck

Hook of Holland, Nov. 9.
British naval salvage ships are due here tomorrow to help clear the approaches to Rotterdam harbour blocked by the wreck of the 6,379-ton Panamanian freighter, Faustus.

Dutch naval divers prevented by bad weather from inspecting the sunken hulk today hope to do so tomorrow.

Meanwhile the harbour, Europe's busiest, reopened today to one-way traffic for practically all ships except big oil tankers and passenger liners. The Harwich-Hook of Holland passenger service resumed normal running.

The work of clearing the wreck of the Faustus which went aground on Thursday in a gale and sank on Friday night may take weeks or even months depending on the weather.

Dutch naval officers said that "chain charges" of explosives would be used to blow up the wreck bit by bit. The British salvage ships will clear the debris after the explosions. Depth charges are being kept at hand but salvage men hope they will not be needed.

SMALL SHIPS MOVE
The port paralysed by the wreck stirred into life again today when small ships of five metres draught were allowed in and out. This afternoon the draught limit was raised to nine metres for outgoing ships and seven metres for incoming.

The giant petroleum and oil refineries at Pernis near Rotterdam are working at only half capacity because large tankers cannot call as far as Pernis.

To keep the refineries going it may be necessary to use only smaller tankers until the channel is cleared. A spokesman said a 24-hour delay of a tanker would cost a shipowner between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

Tankers comprise a third of Rotterdam's total incoming shipping traffic. During the first half of this year an average of 41 ships totalling nearly 69,000 tons entered the port every day.

In addition to the Rotterdam wreck, last week's gales left Holland a legacy of three other ships in difficulties.

The 2,959-ton Spanish cargo steamer, San Badalono, was today reported aground off the

island of Schiermonnikoog with fears breaking over her wheelhouse and a list of up to 60 degrees.

The 4,902-ton Turkish steamer, Bakir, stranded between the islands of Ameland and Schiermonnikoog was reported out of danger today. But her crew of 50 were out of food and water and her captain and mate went ashore for supplies.

Dutch tugs were standing by. Efforts to refloat the 1,950-ton Portuguese steamer, Peleane, aground near Flushing, failed and it was decided to unload her cargo of cement and iron.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T.
1.15, News, Weather Report and Announcements; 1.30, Music for you; 2.00, Journey into Mystery; 2.30, BBC Landstand—Central Band of the Royal Air Force; 3.00, Concerto; 3.15, The London Studio; 3.30, Glenn Miller and his Orchestra; 3.45, Songs of the British Isles—Marian Davies (Soprano), John Talish (Tenor), Michael Cole (Baritone); 4.00, Opera Chorus and Orch. cond. by Stanford Robinson (BBC); 4.15, Favourites in Light Opera—Played by the London Theatre Orchestra; 4.45, Association Football—Charity Match: United Services v. Combined Chinese; Commentary by Eric Young from the Club Ground (OB); 5.15, Home on the Range—With Bing Crosby and the Andrews Sisters; 5.30, Andre Kostelanetz and his Orchestra; 5.45, Programme Summary; 6.00, Children's Hour presented by Elizabeth Ann (Studio); 6.30, Portuguese Half Hour (Studio); 7.00, Time Signal; 7.15, "Musical Moments" with Manolva and his Orchestra; 7.30, World News and News Talk (London Relay); 7.45, "Musical Moments" with Manolva and his Orchestra; 8.00, The London Studio; 8.15, "Musical Moments" with Manolva and his Orchestra; 8.30, I like what I like; 8.45, The London Studio; 9.00, Night Duty—Police Headquarters; 9.15, "Musical Moments" with Manolva and his Orchestra; 9.30, Concerto; 9.45, "Musical Moments" with Manolva and his Orchestra; 10.00, The London Studio; 10.15, Chanson Française—Les Compagnons de La Chanson and Charles Trenet; 10.30, Dancing Time; 10.45, Weather Report; 11.00, Radio News Reel (Recorded London Relay); 11.15, Goodnight Music; 11.30, Close Down.

GEN. AIREY FLIES TO KOREA

The Commander British Forces, Hongkong, Lt-General Sir Terence Airey, KCMG, CB, CBE, left Hongkong by air at 8.30 this morning for Tokyo, en route to Korea.

General Airey travelled to Tokyo in the VIP Hastings aircraft of Air Chief Marshal Sir William F. Dickson, KCB, KBE, DSO, AFC, who arrived in the Colony on Saturday in the course of his world tour.

General Airey will fly from Tokyo to Korea where he will visit the 1st Batt The Durham Light Infantry of which regiment he is the Colonel.

General Airey will also attend in Korea a ceremonial presentation of Silver Buzes to the Durham Light Infantry by two affiliated New Zealand regiments—the 1st Batt The New Zealanders and the 1st Batt The Canterbury Regiment.

The presentation will be made by a member of the New Zealand Cabinet.

General Airey will be away from Hongkong for approximately ten days. He is accompanied on his present trip by his ADC, Lieut. S. R. Sandford, RN.

Winter Arrives

Frankfurt Nov. 9.
Winter has arrived throughout West Germany, making good skiing possible in the country's lower mountain ranges.

For the first time in 20 years snow ploughs had to be used in November to clear snow-drifts from roads in Bavaria.—Reuter.

Miss Lacy Fights Two Young Thugs

Two young thugs stepped out from behind a tree and said: "This is a hold-up" to 65-year-old Miss Margaret Emily Lacy, 84, full housekeeper, as she walked near her home in Park Hill-road, Ewell, Surrey. They caught hold of her arms. Miss Lacy struck out, freed herself, and ran into Colonel C. Stewart Watson's house. The two thugs vanished.

Off-ration Tea Slumps — Firms To Find Out Why

London, Nov. 9.
A month's experience of tea off the ration has shown such a sharp decline in sales that importers, blenders, and retailers are getting together to find the cause.

Just before rationing ended it was found that sales were higher than the average pre-war consumption; merchants made special efforts to maintain the rate.

But in most parts of the country retailers, with their shelves packed with tea priced from 3s. a lb. upwards, report lagging sales.

Last night a spokesman for Lyons said: "We believe the reason is that most housewives were building up stocks, when the ration was generous."

"Now supplies are enough to meet almost any demand, but housewives are using up stocks instead of buying fresh supplies. We believe sales will pick up again."

BACON LAGS
Many grocers who have also handled off-ration cooked gammon and hams, as well as the dearer five-ounce bacon ration, failed to clear their stocks as completely as at the end of the previous rationing periods.

Biggest demand by families taking their full rations has been for cheaper, streaky cuts, varying from 2s. 4d. to 3s. 3d. a lb.

The Food Minister is to receive detailed reports on bacon and ham sales. If these show a national surplus, bacon may be taken off ration.

Or, it may be, more home-grown pigs could be sent to the fresh pork market with the object of building up meat supplies to an annual total of about 2,000,000 tons.

At this figure the Government believes it would be safe to abandon bulk buying and restore the meat trade to private hands.

Eisenhower Chooses Cabot

Augusta, Nov. 9.
President-elect Dwight D. Eisenhower today named Senator Henry Cabot Lodge—who managed his Convention campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination—as his representative in the Defence and State Departments and other Federal agencies until his inauguration in January.

General Eisenhower is spending a ten-day holiday here. Senator Lodge's interim assignment in the Defence and State Departments has strengthened the general belief that he will be named to a key post in the new administration. He has been mentioned for both the Secretary of Defence and Secretary of State posts.—Reuter.

Oldest Man Dies

New Delhi, Nov. 8.
This city's oldest man, Lal Chand, died here today aged 114.
He was born in the Punjab.—Reuter.

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Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for unregistered correspondence posted at G.P.O., Hongkong. The latest posting times elsewhere, which, in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office. The latest posting times for registered articles are generally one hour earlier than the times shown below. Particulars regarding parcel mails can be ascertained by enquiry at any post office.

GENERAL HOLIDAY

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10

By Air

Philippines, N. Borneo, 4.30 p.m.

C.P.A. Formosa, U.S.A. (Seattle and Western States) Canada, 4.30 p.m.

H.K.A. (N.W.A.L.) Indo-China, (Tonkin only), 4.30 p.m.

C.P.A. Japan, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C. Japan, 6 p.m.

By Surface

Macao, Noon 0 p.m.; as Tai

Loy/Tak Shing.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11

Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 8 a.m.; C.P.A.

Indo-China, France, French North & West Africa, 9 a.m.; via Air

France.

Slam, Burma, India, Pakistan, Africa, Great Britain, Europe, 11 a.m.; B.O.A.C.

Japan, 4.30 p.m.; Thai Airways, Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 8 p.m.; P.A.L.

Malaya, Ceylon, Slam, Burma, Pakistan, Middle East, Great Britain, Europe, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C.

By Surface

Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m.; as Golden

City/Tak Shing.

China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m.

train via Canton.

Indonesia, 2 p.m.; as Fengling

Japan, Canada, 8 a.m.; as India

Mail.

Philippines, 2 p.m.; as Talabot.

Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m.; as

Tai Yuan.

Malaya, Burma, India, 11 a.m.; as

Lok Sam.

Wednesday, November 12

By Air

Formosa, Japan, 1 p.m.; C.A.T.

Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 4.30 p.m.; via C.P.A.

Formosa, Okinawa, U.S.A. (New York, Canada, 4.30 p.m.; H.K.A.)

N.W.A.L. Indo-China (Tonkin only), 4.30 p.m.

C.P.A. Japan, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C.

By Surface

Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m.; as Golden

City/Tak Shing.

China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m.

train via Canton.

Indonesia, 2 p.m.; as Fengling

Japan, Canada, 8 a.m.; as India

Mail.

Philippines, 2 p.m.; as Talabot.

Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m.; as

Tai Yuan.

Malaya, Burma, India, 11 a.m.; as

Lok Sam.

Thursday, November 13

By Air

Formosa, Japan, 1 p.m.; C.A.T.

Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 4.30 p.m.; via C.P.A.

Formosa, Okinawa, U.S.A. (New York, Canada, 4.30 p.m.; H.K.A.)

N.W.A.L. Indo-China (Tonkin only), 4.30 p.m.

C.P.A. Japan, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C.

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Indonesia, 2 p.m.; as Fengling

Japan, Canada, 8 a.m.; as India

Mail.

From The Files 100 Years Ago

It is with much regret we have to report another disastrous and wanton outrage on the persons of two of our countrymen, Lieut. De Lisle, RN and Mr Robert Curling, the former Admiralty Agent and the latter Chief of the P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamship Singapore.

These gentlemen, it appears, about five p.m. yesterday took the ship's boat and landed at Cheem-sha-chuey, about half a mile from where the Singapore is moored abreast the Fort William, and proceeded over the hill towards Kowloon.

Returning, as they came on the brow of a hill, they perceived some twenty men coming towards them, all with large bamboo; and it being evident from their gestures that they were bent on mischief, the two gentlemen shouldered together and made a rush on the nearest, seizing from them their weapons.

With these, for some time, they defended themselves from the assault immediately made, and would have succeeded in getting clear had it not been for a reinforcement of some twenty more, armed with short swords. Overpowered by numbers the assaulted were robbed of their watches and stripped of their clothes excepting trousers. This effected, the scoundrelly crew desisted and left them.

BADLY WOUNDED
When this occurred is about a mile and a half from the beach, and Lieutenant De Lisle being so weak from loss of blood that he could not walk, desired Mr Curling to make the best of his way to the boat for succour. Although cut severely in the abdomen, head, face, and hands, Mr Curling after some time, succeeded in reaching her, and was taken on board the Singapore about 7.30 p.m. in a very exhausted state.

A boat was immediately despatched to H.M.S. Cleopatra, and another to the Agent on shore, for communication with the Superintendent of Police, who, accompanied by Messrs. W. H. Mitchell and D. R. Caldwell, promptly went with a party across the mainland.

Knowing the anxiety Mr De Lisle's friends will feel for his safety, before going to press we sent a boat off to the Singapore, at one o'clock this morning, to learn whether he had been found. But at that hour nothing more has been heard of him.

One of the boats returned before midnight, with eight Chinese in custody; one of whom said he saw the affray. Mr Curling, we are glad to say, is pronounced out of danger.

NO NEW STYLE
A friend, who reads the local papers, draws attention to the Register's second effusion against Vice-Consul Blin, and says that he expressed the opinion that our Contemporary would have exhibited better discretion had he abstained from offering any remark until the fracas between the respective Consulate functionaries had been brought before the Court. For discreet journalism, excepting of a certain class, we never look in the Register; so the remark made in no way astonishing. The jumbled mass of incongruous sentences, in the Register of the 28th ult. did not contain any thing absolutely false we believe; but it was not palatable in an office for which the Register prints forms, etc; and the version in yesterday's issue, to which a friend refers, has been expressed to surprise the effect it might have had on a Jury. Our friend may spare his observations on the "hot and cold" Register; there is nothing new in the style remarked upon.

London, Nov. 9.

A big crowd watched a man climb the iron lattice-work and balance precariously on the top of Redhugh Bridge, Gateshead, 50ft. above the River Tyne.

For 20 minutes police officers talked to him as he threatened to jump. A police car radioed for the fire brigade and searchlights picked out the man. He evaded them who followed him along the top of the 600-ft-wide girders.

Inspector W. Foster, of Gateshead Police, persuaded the man to climb down after the bridge had been closed to traffic. Later a 40-year-old man was detained.

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